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INTERNATIONAL

Herald Tribune

Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

PARIS, SATURDAY-SUNDAY, NOVEMBER 27-28, 1971

Established 1887

Indian Border Crossed Anew

Nov. 26 (AP)—The Indian Defense Ministry said today that Indian troops had crossed into East Pakistan for the first time since the 1965 war.

The Indians suffered only light casualties, the ministry said. It did not say when the border had been crossed, but indicated that it was yesterday or today.

In a major development on the political front, President Agha Mohammed Yahya Khan banned the National Awami party and accused it of fomenting revolt in West Pakistan—acknowledging for the first time that there was serious political unrest in the West.

The ban, according to an announcement in Rawalpindi, applied to all factions of the party, which had branches in both East and West Pakistan.

The western faction emerged as the largest single party in two of the four West Pakistani provincial assemblies after last December's elections.

A radio broadcast said that some of the party's leaders had been detained, although no names were given.

According to another report from Rawalpindi, Mr. Yahya Khan said last night of Prime Minister Indira Gandhi of India: "If she wants war, I'll fight her. If that woman thinks she is going to cow me down, I refuse to take it."

President V. V. Giri of India said today that "the only solution to the East Pakistan crisis would be for President Yahya Khan to release Sheikh Mujibur Rahman, the Bengali leader, and reach a settlement with him."

President Yahya had Sheikh Mujibur arrested last March 26 when he banned the Awami League and ordered the Pakistani Army to quell a provincial movement for greater autonomy, which quickly became a full-fledged campaign for independence.

In a policy statement read to the annual governors' conference, Mr. Giri said India would not start a war unless it was attacked.

"We are a mature nation and shall not be provoked into a war which would threaten our own territorial integrity is violated," he said.

Mr. Giri did not go so far as to say that India would not start a war unless it was attacked.

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EAR SHATTERING—Group of Cambodian children holding their ears as the South Vietnamese heavy artillery opens up in the latest drive against the North Vietnamese forces in Chup Plantation border area.

Riad Asserts Egypt Is Still Seeking Peace

By Jesse Lewis
CAIRO, Nov. 26 (UPI)—Egyptian Foreign Minister Mahmoud Riad said yesterday that Egypt was still seeking a peaceful solution to the Middle East crisis and welcomed American efforts to bring it about.

"If tomorrow Washington will come to me and say here is a plan for peace which will result in the withdrawal of Israel from our territory we will welcome such a move," Mr. Riad said in an exclusive interview.

"Our main effort is to reach a peaceful solution which will lead to the liberation of our territory. We will fight when we see that all doors are closed."

Mr. Riad appeared to be seeking to remove the impression that nothing could stop Egypt from going to war to retrieve Israeli-occupied Arab territory.

Sadat's Speeches
Last Saturday and Sunday, President Anwar Sadat told army and air force units that Egypt had decided to fight to recover Sinai and that Egypt had broken off all contacts with the U.S. for a peaceful solution.

Mr. Riad, who will lead the Egyptian delegation at the UN General Assembly debate on the Middle East next month, also said:

Israel is the strongest military power in the Middle East. He declined to comment on reports of Russian jet bombers being shipped to Egypt.

Additional sales of Phantom aircraft to Israel by the U.S. would lead to "more deterioration" of relations between Egypt and the United States and could cause violent reaction in the Arab world.

There were some differences in the embryonic union of Egypt, Syria and Libya, but "it would be unnatural" if there were no problems in forging a federation.

The interview took place in the presence of a large number of officials.

U.S. Pulling Out 3,233 More GIs

SAIGON, Nov. 26 (UPI)—Two fresh regiments of Vietnamese troops linked into Cambodia between the Snuol and Mimot rubber plantations 80 miles north of Saigon today while the Communists laid siege to a firebase well inside South Vietnam, field reports said.

American B-52s struck in force yesterday and today, along with U.S. helicopter gunships and tactical fighter-bombers, laying down a curtain of fire to protect advancing South Vietnamese troops from Communist resistance to their drive into the sanctuaries.

American eight-inch howitzers gave artillery support to the new drive by the 5th Infantry Division in the Snuol and Ardot areas. The Americans also gave the South Vietnamese strong logistical support, including helicopter troop lifts and a big supply operation by C-130 and C-123 cargo planes.

But apart from a fight at an isolated firebase on Hill 95, about nine miles south of the border, there was still almost no contact in the five-day-old drive, which now involves 45,000 men and may become the biggest invasion into Cambodia ever made by allied troops.

In Phnom Penh Cambodian officers said the advancing South Vietnamese have agreed to confine their operations to the East bank of the Mekong River unless a serious threat develops to Cambodian positions around the major city of Kampong Cham.

The South Vietnamese did plan to occupy the smaller town of Tonle Sap, on the east bank of the Mekong, however, and U.S. military attaches assigned to the embassy in Phnom Penh reportedly flew to Kampong Cham Friday.

Attack on Hill 95
Inside South Vietnam the Communists pumped about 150 rounds of 82-mm mortar shells into the firebase on top of Hill 95, south of the town of Katum, and followed the barrage up with a ground assault.

American helicopter gunships and a South Vietnamese C-47 armed with three rapid-fire miniguns were called in to support the base.

Some guerrillas apparently managed to penetrate the barbed wire, but pilots said they started pulling back when the C-47 appeared.

China's Speech
China's chief delegate, Deputy Foreign Minister Chiao Euan-hua, in a speech yesterday called on the assembly not to vote on the Soviet proposal for a world disarmament conference.

Mr. Phillips proposed that the question of a world disarmament conference be placed on the agenda of the 1972 session of the assembly. This, he said, "would enable all interested governments during the coming year to consider the many suggestions and observations" made during the current debate.

Nixon and Heath Plan Dec. 20-21 Bermuda Parley

By Carroll Kilpatrick
SAN CLEMENTE, Calif., Nov. 26 (UPI)—President Nixon rescheduled today the second major meeting with an allied leader prior to his Peking and Moscow visits with the announcement that he will confer with British Prime Minister Edward Heath in Bermuda on Dec. 20 and 21.

The White House announced Wednesday that the President would meet French President Georges Pompidou in the Azores on Dec. 13 and 14. A meeting with West German Chancellor Willy Brandt on this side of the Atlantic is expected to be announced within a few days. It also is likely to take place in December.

Some form of consultation likewise will be held at a later date with Japanese leaders, but the form that meeting will take has not been decided because of the uncertain tenure in office of Japanese Premier Eisaku Sato.

It seems likely that a personal meeting between the President and Mr. Sato or his successor will be held, but not in Tokyo, to give the Japanese government the same reassurances Mr. Nixon wishes to give Europeans on not making secret deals when he visits Peking and Moscow.

Allies Concerned
Ever since the President announced he would go to Moscow and Peking, there has been growing concern among U.S. friends in Europe and Asia that agreements might be reached to their disadvantage.

Apparently the visit of Secretary of Commerce Maurice H. Stans to Moscow this week to discuss trade relations added to the uneasiness felt in some friendly capitals already highly disturbed by the President's tough stand on international trade and monetary matters.

Secretary of the Treasury John B. Connally's visit to Tokyo earlier this month did not allay suspicions there and was not intended as a substitute for later consultations at a higher level.

Mr. Connally will speak for the Azores Tuesday in Rome with the Group of Ten made up of the finance ministers of the leading Western industrial nations. A presidential meeting with Italian leaders is not now planned.

Secretary of State William P. Rogers also will continue the consultative process when he confers with NATO foreign ministers in Brussels on Dec. 9 and 10.

The same officials who will accompany the President to the Azores to meet Mr. Pompidou will be with him when he confers with Mr. Heath in Bermuda; Secretaries Rogers and Connally and Henry A. Kissinger, the President's assistant for national security affairs.

The inclusion of Mr. Connally (Continued on Page 2, Col. 4)

NYSE Prices Rise Sharply

NEW YORK, Nov. 26 (UPI)—The Dow Jones industrial average rose a steep 17.06 points today to close at 816.59. The rise in stock prices was on a broad front.

The Dow increase was its sharpest since it gained 32.95 on Aug. 16, after President Nixon announced his new economic program. (Story Page 8.)

Trade Deficit In October Is U.S. Record

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26 (UPI)—The Commerce Department said today that U.S. export-import trade in October showed an \$321-million deficit, the largest one-month deficit on record.

The plunge in export performance was attributed to the American dock strikes. It is expected to lead to America's first one-year trade deficit, officials said.

Imports last month totaled \$3,531,300,000; exports were \$3,209,900,000. In September, exports exceeded imports by \$265.4 million.

"Dock strikes greatly affected shipments in both months, so neither the very large October deficit nor the September surplus is indicative of underlying trends in U.S. trade," said Harold C. Passer, assistant secretary of commerce for economic affairs.

Mr. Passer noted that the performance in October was related to a longshoremen's strike at East Coast and Gulf Coast ports beginning Oct. 1 and the resumption of longshoremen's operations at West Coast ports a week later.

He said the end of the strike on the West Coast probably produced a greater surge in imports than exports because un-

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 4)

Prison Rioters Release

OSTAGES, End Uprising
TOWNSHIP, N.J.—A rebellion in the Rahway State Prison today, 24 hours after its return for the first time to the state, demands would release prisoners and the last of had been held.

of the tension-sharp contrast lives in the air-day inmates here, N.J., in achieved in a ment under were exchanged attention to have now been. All inmates

are under control as far as we know," the relieved governor told newsmen in the lobby of the Woodbridge State School, a half mile from the maximum-security prison.

The school had been the governor's headquarters throughout the day, during which the rebel inmates had retained control of the prison auditorium and two of five cell blocks. The convicts set fires and smashed windows in one wing and had hung out bed-sheets scrawled with the words, "Remember Attica."

Gov. Cahill said that the warden, Superintendent Vukasin S. Vukcevic, who was seized with five guards when the disturbance erupted in the prison auditorium at 10 p.m. Wednesday, had succeeded in restoring order.

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

Two More Saigon Regiments Join the Drive Into Cambodia

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U.S. Joins China in Urging UN to Put Off Arms Talks

UNITED NATIONS, Nov. 26 (AP)—The United States joined China today in urging the General Assembly to shelve a Soviet proposal for a world disarmament conference.

Ambassador Christopher Phillips told the General Assembly that this question should be approached "in a deliberate and cautious manner" and that a further exchange of views is needed before a decision is taken.

He expressed doubts about the possible results of discussions in a worldwide forum, and suggested there is a need for additional machinery, quoting Secretary of State William P. Rogers as saying grandiose schemes "tend to generate many words and few results."

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Soviet delegate Jacob A. Malik challenged the position of the United States and Peking, insisting that the time is ripe for the proposed world conference and that the aims are clearly stated.

"If anyone should try to claim that the purpose of this conference is not clear," Mr. Malik declared, "this person is trying to delay or complicate the convening of the conference."

Today's speech was much more moderate in tone than Mr. Malik's statement Wednesday, in which he accused the United States and China of joining in a "caustic duet of negativism."

Defends Treaties
Mr. Malik defended the arms treaties negotiated in recent years, including the partial nuclear test ban treaty and the pact limiting the spread of nuclear weapons, against attacks from Peking and other countries.

"Today," he said, "we are forced to note that those who criticize and attack the Moscow treaty do not themselves... cease their nuclear tests, nor propose any positive grounds for the solution of this problem."

Mr. Phillips, while not closing the door on a possible world conference at some future date, said progress in disarmament negotiations can best be achieved in quiet exchanges of views and "in an atmosphere relatively free of polemics."

"We would not expect that these would be characteristics of a world disarmament conference," he said.

Canada Protests Chinese A-Test

OTTAWA, Nov. 26 (AP)—Canada protested to China yesterday against a nuclear test Peking conducted Nov. 18. The protest was lodged by Ambassador Ralph Collins.

External Affairs Minister Mitchell Sharp told the Commons that Mr. Collins had been instructed to make the protest in keeping with Canada's opposition to nuclear tests by any country.

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London Primary Schools Ban Caning

End Set Jan. 1, 1973, Despite Angry Opposition of Principals

London Education officials today announced that the ban on caning in primary schools will be in force from Jan. 1, 1973. The ban on caning in primary schools who do punishment will be in force from Jan. 1, 1973. The ban on caning in primary schools who do punishment will be in force from Jan. 1, 1973.

in the face of strong teacher opposition. "I am convinced that the tide of opinion among teachers is now flowing strongly in favor of abolition," said Mr. Bramall.

But this was disputed by William Wilford, secretary of the London Head Teachers' Association, representing 770 headmasters and principals in London. "The ban means we are restricted," he said, "Our hands are tied."

"We believe that teachers... should have the right to decide what to do in the light of circumstances prevailing in any particular case. We are the servants of the authority, so we have no choice but to keep its rules."

The Inner London Education Authority's intention to ban the cane has been known since the Labor party won control of it in April, 1970. Action has been taken slowly, however, because of the powerful opposition of school principals and headmasters.

The caning of children across the buttocks has been used as punishment in British schools since the early 19th century, when "village schools" were created by middle-aged or elderly women who used wooden sticks or straps to discipline a child.

In recent years—with the gradual decline of caning—the issue has stirred party and class divisions. The Conservatives, representing the middle and upper classes, have fought efforts to ban caning, saying that the punishment was necessary to retain control over unruly students in schools. The Labor party, representing workers, have sought to end the punishment, charging that it was unnecessarily harsh and outmoded.

The ban on caning affects all children between 5 and 11. Although the punishment continues in secondary schools, its use is discouraged. Each new teacher now receives a leaflet advising the use of alternative methods of discipline.

London's largest teachers' organization, the National Union of Teachers, with more than 13,000 members, hesitantly supported the ban.

"We support the abolition of corporal punishment, provided that the supporting services are adequate," said Robert Richardson, secretary of the teachers' group. "At the moment we do not think they are, but we are glad to note that [Inner London Education Authority] agrees they need strengthening."

Ulbricht Re-elected as Head of State Council

By John M. Goshko
BONN, Nov. 26 (UPI)—Walter Ulbricht, the aging former leader of East Germany's Communist regime, was re-elected today to a new four-year term as chairman of the Council of State.

The post, which Mr. Ulbricht has held continuously since its creation in 1960, makes him East Germany's chief of state.

In giving the 72-year-old Mr. Ulbricht a new term, the Volkskammer, East Germany's parliament, confounded many Western observers who had expected that he would be eased into total retirement and replaced as chairman by Premier Willi Stoph.

Instead, the Volkskammer re-elected Mr. Stoph, 57, to a four-year term in his present office. Its action indicated that the top political leadership would remain unchanged for the time being.

Mr. Ulbricht, who dominated East Germany with autocratic ruthlessness for 20 years, stepped down last May as first secretary of the Communist party—the country's most powerful position. He was replaced by Erich Honecker, 59, who has since emerged as the regime's unquestioned top man.

The indications have been, however, that Mr. Ulbricht did not leave the party leadership willingly. He appears to have been forced out because of his age and the Soviet Union's growing irritation over his opposition to the bettering of relations between the Communist bloc and West Germany.

For the first few weeks after the change-over, Mr. Ulbricht showed few signs of fading gracefully into the background. And, for a time, Mr. Honecker was thought to be maneuvering to shove him completely off the political stage.

In June, for example, the Volkskammer voted to remove Mr. Ulbricht as chairman of the National Defense Council and replace him with Mr. Honecker. (Continued on Page 2, Col. 7)



RE-ELECTED—Walter Stoph, Walter Ulbricht and Erich Honecker (left to right) join in the applause at Friday's session of the East German parliament in Berlin.

Escalation Is Feared

Sadat Warns U.S. on Selling Lance Missiles to Israel

CAIRO, Nov. 26 (UPI)—President Anwar Sadat has told the White House the sale to Israel of ground-to-ground missiles would cause a major escalation in Middle East tensions, the newspaper Al Ahran said today. Mr. Sadat's message to President Nixon yesterday followed Washington press reports that the Pentagon was considering selling Israel Lance missiles instead of Phantom aircraft. Egyptian military sources said this development would be discussed tomorrow when the 17-nation Arab League Defense Council meets to review the military situation and a battle plan against Israel. [In Washington, the State Department today disavowed the idea that the United States might soon be sending Lance missiles to Israel. [Spokesman Charles Bray said the Lance is still in the research and development stage and still is not in the U.S. inventory of equipment. [Mr. Bray declined to comment on the story in Al Ahran concerning Mr. Sadat's message to President Nixon. The Al Ahran newspaper said Mr. Sadat's message, delivered yesterday to Donald Bergus, the chief American representative here, underlined that sale of the Lance missiles "would be a very serious escalation in the most tense area in the world at present." The missiles would be placed on Egyptian territory (Israeli-



United Press International.

THE LANCE—It is reported that the White House is considering supplying to Israel the Lance surface-to-surface missile, similar to the one shown above.

Eban, U.S. Envoy Hold Talks To Prepare Mrs. Meir's Trip

TEL AVIV, Nov. 26 (UPI)—Israeli and American officials discussed the Middle East situation today prior to Premier Golda Meir's impending U.S. trip and a UN General Assembly debate on the Arab-Israeli conflict, official sources said. The sources said Foreign Minister Abba Eban and U.S. Ambassador H. Walthor Barber conferred for 45 minutes in Tel Aviv. Similar talks will be held in Washington between Israeli Ambassador Yitzhak Rabin and Assistant Secretary of State Joseph J. Sisco. The Eban-Barber meeting, the sources said, was overshadowed by anti-Israel remarks in a mass-circulation Israeli newspaper attributed to Secretary of State William P. Rogers. The afternoon newspaper Ma'ariv quoted Mr. Rogers as having told a group of senators pressing Israel's case for more Phantom jets that the Jewish state "was falling apart because of internal strife," terming it "the most isolated state in the world." Although officials refused comment on the Ma'ariv report, the Labor federation newspaper, Davar, often a mirror of official thinking, said the remarks "caused a great shock in Jerusalem." Reporting on the Eban-Barber meeting, the Israeli radio said on its English-language news program that it dealt with the final itinerary for Mrs. Meir's U.S. visit where she will be followed by Mr. Eban, as well as "certain hostile comments about Israel attributed this week to Secretary of State Rogers." "In what political sources described as their last public appearances before their departure, both Mrs. Meir and Mr. Eban warned the nation to be prepared for a resumption of fighting

Trade Deficit In October Is U.S. Record

(Continued from Page 1) loading of waiting vessels takes place first. For the first 10 months of the year the trade deficit has reached \$1.5 billion. Exports during that period have risen only 3 percent from 1970, while imports have surged 15 percent. In San Clemente, Calif., Ron Ziegler, White House press secretary, insisted: "The October figures were heavily distorted because of the dock strikes. Conclusions should not be drawn from this about basic trends." Asked if he was saying that President Nixon was not too concerned with the largest trade deficit in history, Mr. Ziegler replied: "We realize there is a problem. We are taking steps to deal with it."

India Says Army Crosses Into East Pakistan Again

(Continued from Page 1) The Indians said that the Pakistanis first shelled Balurghat, a town 200 miles south of Calcutta, on Wednesday night, causing many civilian casualties. Simultaneously, the statement said, Indian troops were attacked by the Pakistanis from the border town of Hilli, 16 miles east of Balurghat. Indian casualties were described as heavy. On Thursday, the Indians said, the Pakistanis moved tanks up to the border near Hilli and in the evening sent raiding parties into Indian territory while Balurghat was again shelled and Indian troops were attacked north of Hilli. "To meet this situation, our troops took defensive action in the area north of Hilli," the statement said. The Indian Defense Ministry announced two days ago that an Indian tank unit had crossed for the first time into East Pakistan on Sunday and had destroyed 12 tanks in the Boyra area, about 45 miles northeast of Calcutta and about 150 miles south of Balurghat. Balurghat borders on the East Pakistani district of Dinajpur, where, the Pakistan radio reported, an Indian attack was repulsed tonight. "To meet this situation, our troops took defensive action in the area north of Hilli," the statement said.

'War Crimes' of U.S. On Trial in Algiers

ALGIERS, Nov. 26 (AP)—Lawyers and law professors from 38 nations, including the United States, met today to debate alleged American "war crimes" in Indochina. The second "International Jurists' Conference on Indochina" met under the presidency of French lawyer Henri Rolin. The first such conference was held in Grenoble, France, in 1968.

Nixon and Heath to Meet In Bermuda December 20-21

(Continued from Page 1) in the delegation emphasizes the importance which international economic and financial affairs will have in both meetings. Common Market issues will be on the agenda now that the last major roadblock to British admission in the European Economic Community has been cleared with the approval of the government's plan by the House of Commons. But perhaps more important to the British as well as to the French are the financial and trade issues that grew out of the President's new economic proposals. All of the leaders that the President will meet are expected to urge the earliest possible removal of the 10 percent surcharge on imports imposed when Mr. Nixon announced his wage-price freeze on Aug. 15. The announcement of the date of the China visit, with more details on other plans for the trip, is expected early next week. In making today's announcement, White House press secretary Ron Ziegler said that the President will be Mr. Heath's guest in Bermuda and that the meeting would be strictly business. "This meeting has been arranged in accordance with the President's wish to have a series of meetings with allied leaders prior to the Peking and Moscow visits," Mr. Ziegler said. The President's telephone call to Mr. Heath yesterday was chiefly to discuss the India-Pakistan crisis rather than to plan for the Bermuda meeting, it was understood.

Earthquake Reported

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26 (UPI)—The National Earthquake Center reported that a "sharp earthquake"—7.3 on the Richter scale—struck the Russian coastline yesterday, north of Japan. There were no reports of damage or casualties.

Scheel, in Leningrad, Visits Mass Grave

MOSCOW, Nov. 26 (Reuters)—West German Foreign Minister Walter Scheel left a wreath today at the mass grave in Leningrad—the scene of a three-year German Army siege in World War II—of nearly half a million Russian victims. Mr. Scheel will go to Moscow Sunday for talks with Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko. In Leningrad, the German leader will inspect the site of a new West German consulate to be set up there.

Ex-Minister Asks Dissolution Of French Espionage Agency

By James Goldborough PARIS, Nov. 26 (REUTERS)—Despite a government counterattack two days running, the French-American drug-spy scandal refuses to go away. Today, the newest and most serious attack on the counterespionage service came from the man who was designated last year to propose its reforms. Gen. Pierre Billotte, former defense minister and later overseas territories minister under Prime Minister Georges Pompidou, said in a public statement that the Service de Documentation Extérieure et Contre-Espionnage was now so compromised that it should be dissolved. Gen. Billotte, a Gaullist deputy and founder of one of the leftist Gaullist movements, said that SDECE had become "a state within a state, clearly outside the republican order."

W. German Metal Industry Seeks to End Labor Crisis

FRANKFURT, Nov. 26 (AP)—The West German metal industry employers' federation this evening proposed a "special mediation" effort in the labor dispute that has put between 300,000 and 550,000 metalworkers out of their jobs and threatens to fill many more by closing down the country's powerful automobile industry. The metalworkers' union headquarters announced that it would decide tomorrow whether to accept the special-mediation proposal. Under West German law regulating management-labor relations, such special mediation is possible after ordinary mediation fails. Some 4.5 million West German metalworkers are seeking pay rises of as much as 11 percent. Management has offered 4.5 percent. The dispute affects all 19 labor districts but only in the district of North Rhine-Westphalia-North Baden has a strike been initiated, by 120,000 out of a total of 550,000 workers. The walkout, begun Monday, was answered by a management lockout—the shutting down of more than 500 plants in the district today.

Argentine Chief Faces Operation

BUENOS AIRES, Nov. 26 (Reuters)—Argentine President Alejandro Lanusse today handed over power temporarily to Chief Brig. Carlos Rey of the air force as he prepared to enter the hospital for an operation. Gen. Lanusse, 58, has a kidney ailment. Brig. Rey is the second-ranking member of the three-man ruling junta headed by Gen. Lanusse, who is also the army's commander-in-chief.

Negotiations End Prison Riot In N.J., All 6 Hostages Safe

(Continued from Page 1) Asked how he would compare his handling of the situation with that at Attica, Gov. Cahill said: "I can't relate Attica to this situation. Each man that is confronted with the situation has to make the best decision under the circumstances." The newsmen who received the demands from the prisoners said they included complaints of inadequate food, health care and religious freedom, alleged racism and brutality by guards, censorship of prisoners' mail, demands for improved parole regulations; the establishment of vocational training and courses in black and Puerto Rican history; the abolition of what were termed kangaroo courts in which inmates are tried for infraction of prison rules and the organization of rehabilitation and work-release programs. Prisoners were quoted by the newsmen as having said that the rebellion was "spontaneous, not planned." The governor said that negotiations would continue at the prison. The negotiators were not named. Under questioning, the governor confirmed that a plan had been formulated to crush the uprising by force, if necessary. But he said advisers told him "there was hope," and he never employed the correction officers, policemen and 150 state troopers massed outside the prison walls, with rifles and tear gas, for a possible attack. Earlier, Thomas Flynn, the governor's press secretary, denied there had been any assault plan.

Germanys S Fourth Day Berlin Talks

BONN, Nov. 26 (UPI)—and West German negotiators extended their marathon talks a third consecutive day with the end apparently in sight. They scheduled a fourth session for tomorrow in what appeared to be a final push toward meeting the four-power accord. State Secretaries Egon Bahr of West Germany, and M. Kohl of East Germany, led their respective delegations to the Bonn Chancellery building to work out arrangements guaranteeing unimpeded access to West Berlin. Mr. Bahr and Mr. Kohl first with their full complement of traffic experts. Later they came down alone, a government spokesman said. Lasts Till Late The meeting—third in the three days, including a 15-hour session Wednesday—continued late this evening. Mr. Bahr and Mr. Kohl negotiations are conducted with such matters as control overland goods shipments, private car traffic to and from West Berlin. Observers considered the crossed tempo of the talks indication the two sides are reaching a conclusion. Mr. Bahr and Mr. Kohl have met 23 times since the four-power draft accord signed Sept. 3, but only one more have they had meetings four consecutive days. Western officials said the negotiations were probably wrapped up probably by week. Dec. 1 Deadline East German leaders announced earlier this month that wanted the talks finished by Dec. 1, and Mr. Kohl even threatened to come to a conclusion this month. Western officials said the Germans are under pressure from the Kremlin to complete talks by Dec. 8, when the Atlantic Treaty Organization holds its annual meeting in Brussels. That would permit NATO officials to discuss the so-called European security fence, which the West has proposed in connection with a resolution of Berlin question.

Ulbricht Re-Elected Chairman Of East German State Council

(Continued from Page 1) In today's voting, Mr. Honecker was elected to a full four-year term in the defense council post. That, in turn, led to predictions that Mr. Ulbricht would be pushed out of the Council of State chairmanship to pave the way for a troika form of leadership dominated by Mr. Honecker. In the view of most observers, this would have seen Mr. Stoph succeeding to the chairman's post. He, in turn, would have been replaced as premier by Horst Sindermann, 57, former party secretary of the Halle district and a one-time Honecker rival who is now thought to have struck an alliance with the new party chief. That it didn't turn out that way is thought to be due to several factors. More recently, for example, Mr. Ulbricht has shown a greater disposition to accept the role of an elder statesman who is seen and not heard.

Negotiations End Prison Riot In N.J., All 6 Hostages Safe

(Continued from Page 1) Asked how he would compare his handling of the situation with that at Attica, Gov. Cahill said: "I can't relate Attica to this situation. Each man that is confronted with the situation has to make the best decision under the circumstances." The newsmen who received the demands from the prisoners said they included complaints of inadequate food, health care and religious freedom, alleged racism and brutality by guards, censorship of prisoners' mail, demands for improved parole regulations; the establishment of vocational training and courses in black and Puerto Rican history; the abolition of what were termed kangaroo courts in which inmates are tried for infraction of prison rules and the organization of rehabilitation and work-release programs. Prisoners were quoted by the newsmen as having said that the rebellion was "spontaneous, not planned." The governor said that negotiations would continue at the prison. The negotiators were not named. Under questioning, the governor confirmed that a plan had been formulated to crush the uprising by force, if necessary. But he said advisers told him "there was hope," and he never employed the correction officers, policemen and 150 state troopers massed outside the prison walls, with rifles and tear gas, for a possible attack. Earlier, Thomas Flynn, the governor's press secretary, denied there had been any assault plan.

Riad Says Egypt Seeks Peace, Welcomes Efforts by the U.S.

(Continued from Page 1) tion mission of special UN envoy Gunnar Jarring, which is inactive now. The foreign minister indicated that Egypt might not insist on a resolution that included calls for an arms embargo or economic sanctions. Economic sanctions, he said, "do not have a practical effect, do not have a moral impact." "It is not a question of punishing anybody," he said. On U.S. mediation, he said: "It depends on the real role of the United States. There is no doubt that Washington is facing real difficulty because if you are going to mediate you must follow an even-handed policy. We see that Washington is aligned with Israel." The United States, he said, is giving arms and economic aid to Israel. He said that as a result of this aid, "Israel is refusing to withdraw from our territory... not only that but is rebuffing any American proposals." He said that during his visit to Washington at the end of September, Secretary of State William Rogers and Assistant Secretary Joseph Sisco told him that if Egypt insists on total withdrawal there will be no peace. "Of course we were talking about Egyptian territory," Mr. Riad said.

India Says Army Crosses Into East Pakistan Again

(Continued from Page 1) The Indians said that the Pakistanis first shelled Balurghat, a town 200 miles south of Calcutta, on Wednesday night, causing many civilian casualties. Simultaneously, the statement said, Indian troops were attacked by the Pakistanis from the border town of Hilli, 16 miles east of Balurghat. Indian casualties were described as heavy. On Thursday, the Indians said, the Pakistanis moved tanks up to the border near Hilli and in the evening sent raiding parties into Indian territory while Balurghat was again shelled and Indian troops were attacked north of Hilli. "To meet this situation, our troops took defensive action in the area north of Hilli," the statement said. The Indian Defense Ministry announced two days ago that an Indian tank unit had crossed for the first time into East Pakistan on Sunday and had destroyed 12 tanks in the Boyra area, about 45 miles northeast of Calcutta and about 150 miles south of Balurghat. Balurghat borders on the East Pakistani district of Dinajpur, where, the Pakistan radio reported, an Indian attack was repulsed tonight. "To meet this situation, our troops took defensive action in the area north of Hilli," the statement said.

'War Crimes' of U.S. On Trial in Algiers

ALGIERS, Nov. 26 (AP)—Lawyers and law professors from 38 nations, including the United States, met today to debate alleged American "war crimes" in Indochina. The second "International Jurists' Conference on Indochina" met under the presidency of French lawyer Henri Rolin. The first such conference was held in Grenoble, France, in 1968.

Nixon and Heath to Meet In Bermuda December 20-21

(Continued from Page 1) in the delegation emphasizes the importance which international economic and financial affairs will have in both meetings. Common Market issues will be on the agenda now that the last major roadblock to British admission in the European Economic Community has been cleared with the approval of the government's plan by the House of Commons. But perhaps more important to the British as well as to the French are the financial and trade issues that grew out of the President's new economic proposals. All of the leaders that the President will meet are expected to urge the earliest possible removal of the 10 percent surcharge on imports imposed when Mr. Nixon announced his wage-price freeze on Aug. 15. The announcement of the date of the China visit, with more details on other plans for the trip, is expected early next week. In making today's announcement, White House press secretary Ron Ziegler said that the President will be Mr. Heath's guest in Bermuda and that the meeting would be strictly business. "This meeting has been arranged in accordance with the President's wish to have a series of meetings with allied leaders prior to the Peking and Moscow visits," Mr. Ziegler said. The President's telephone call to Mr. Heath yesterday was chiefly to discuss the India-Pakistan crisis rather than to plan for the Bermuda meeting, it was understood.

Earthquake Reported

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26 (UPI)—The National Earthquake Center reported that a "sharp earthquake"—7.3 on the Richter scale—struck the Russian coastline yesterday, north of Japan. There were no reports of damage or casualties.

Scheel, in Leningrad, Visits Mass Grave

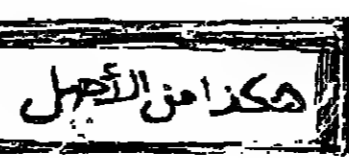
MOSCOW, Nov. 26 (Reuters)—West German Foreign Minister Walter Scheel left a wreath today at the mass grave in Leningrad—the scene of a three-year German Army siege in World War II—of nearly half a million Russian victims. Mr. Scheel will go to Moscow Sunday for talks with Soviet Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko. In Leningrad, the German leader will inspect the site of a new West German consulate to be set up there.

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WEATHER table with columns for city, temperature, and conditions. Includes cities like ALGERIE, AMSTERDAM, ANKARA, etc.



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Gallup Poll

of Union Families Give on Vote of Confidence

By George Gallup

Director, American Institute of Public Opinion

conducted in late June and early July, before the wage-price freeze.

This question was asked in both survey series:

Do you approve or disapprove of the way Nixon is handling his job as President?

Here are the findings for members of labor union families, compared with those for the adult population (18 and older) as a whole:

Table with columns: Union Families, Adult Population, Today, Tomorrow, Approve, Disapprove, No opinion.

With the state of the economy likely to be a key issue in next fall's presidential election—and labor union leaders at odds with the President over wage-price controls—the union rank-and-file, accounting for approximately one-fourth of the labor force, is an important target group for President Nixon in 1972.

In trying to win the support of organized labor, President Nixon must appeal to a segment of the population that has consistently been on the Democratic side in presidential elections.

In presidential years from 1936 to 1948, the vote of union labor was consistently more than 70 percent Democratic.

In 1952, however, the appeal of Eisenhower drew many union members into the GOP column, and the Democratic percentage dropped to 61 percent.

In the elections of 1960 and 1964 many union members returned to the fold, with large majorities voting for the Democratic ticket.

However, Democratic support fell again in 1968, and third-party candidate George Wallace captured 15 percent of the union-member vote.

In 1968, the Democratic candidate received 56 percent of the union vote and the GOP candidate 29 percent.

This has been the trend of the presidential vote of persons in union member families over the last 33 years as determined by Gallup Poll election surveys:

Table with columns: Year, Dem., Rep., Includes vote for Democratic, Progressive and States Rights tickets.

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SOS—Crewman on way to safety as boat sinks during storm off Point Pleasant, N.J., that battered most of East Coast. The other two crewmen were also rescued.

U.S. Robot Undersea Camera Responds to Head Movements

By Walter Sullivan

NEW YORK, Nov. 26 (NYT).—An aquatic robot, its television camera controlled by head motions of a distant operator, has demonstrated dramatically what can be done by matching human image-processing abilities with such a system.

Every time the operator turns or tilts his head, a distant underwater camera does the same, transmitting an image to a scope held in front of the operator by his harness.

So vividly does the operator feel that he is on the scene with the camera that, when he "looks down" by dipping his head, he is dismayed not to see his feet.

Although the camera projects a tilted image on the screen when the operator tilts his head, he sees the scene upright—with no tilt. Yet anyone looking over his shoulder would see the scene askew.

Like Direct Vision

Thus the effect on the operator is like that of direct vision. When a person tilts his head the image falling on the retina of his eye is tilted, but his brain corrects for this effect and the scene continues to look upright.

The result, Navy developers of the system believe, is a unique coupling of the brain with remote vision and sensing. They see it as applicable to a wide range of tasks where human observational capabilities are needed in hostile environments.

Of primary concern to the Navy are water depths where pressures present serious operational problems for a swimmer or diver. The system has been developed at the Naval Undersea Research and Development Center in San Diego, Calif., and several applications are now being explored.

One is to the Remote Underwater Work System under development in Hawaii. This device, designed to operate at depths as great as 20,000 feet, is controlled by a cable linking it to a support unit on land or aboard.

Another system in which head-coupled TV is being tested is CURV—the Cable-controlled Underwater Recovery Vehicle.

\$650,000 in Diamonds Vanishes From Plane

ANTWERP, Nov. 26 (Reuters).—A consignment of diamonds worth \$650,000 disappeared from a New York-bound plane earlier this month, police here reported today.

It is not clear at what point the diamonds disappeared, and Interpol, the international police organization, is investigating, police officials said.

McGovern Fund Appeal Reaches Even Ziegler

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26 (AP).—Sen. George McGovern's wide-spread mail appeal for campaign funds has even reached out to President Nixon's press secretary, Ron Ziegler.

The "Dear Mr. Ziegler" letter did not produce any money for the South Dakota Democrat. It did, however, get a humorous response from Mr. Ziegler, who said, "I just don't know where he's getting his list."

The letter was mailed to Mr. Ziegler's Alexandria, Va., home. It included an appeal to "help us stretch our campaign resources by sharing the enclosed material with friends and asking them to join you in supporting our campaign."

Rhodesian African Critical

BULAWAYO, Rhodesia, Nov. 26 (AP).—Phineas Sithole, a Rhodesian African who is president of the 32,000-strong African Trade Union Congress of Rhodesia, said today:

"To expect political freedom for Africans to be attained by testing African seats in Parliament until parity appears is a doubtful proposition. A fair settlement presupposes equal opportunities for advancement and common objectives for the future as well as mutual good faith. This quite clearly is not the case, particularly considering the events before and after Rhodesia's unilateral declaration of independence."

OAU Charges 'Sellout'

ADDIS ABABA, Nov. 26 (AP).—The Organization of African Unity accused Britain today of a "sellout" in its Rhodesian independence settlement. It called on Africans in the territory to take matters into their own hands and assert their rights by "whatever means."

The so-called settlement between the British Conservative government and Smith's illegal, racist minority regime cannot delude anyone," it said. "It is an outright sellout for generations to come of five million Africans to 243,000 white Rhodesians committed to white rule and apartheid."

Mrs. Cleaver Says Rightists Run Panthers

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 26 (AP).—The wife of Eldridge Cleaver, former Black Panther minister of information, told an audience at Louisiana State University that the party has been "completely taken over by persons in keeping with the Nixon administration, rather than those concerned with the repressed blacks."

Kathleen Cleaver said that the Black Panther organization is no longer part of the people's struggle, nor is it serving as a revolutionary force.

She attributed the disintegration of the organization to "internal sabotage." She said that the group's leadership was infiltrated by persons who had rightist political policies.

"This coincided with Nixon's law-and-order campaign to crush all opposition from the Afro-American liberation movement," she said.

U Thant to Quit Hospital

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y., Nov. 26 (Reuters).—Secretary-General U Thant, 62, will be discharged tomorrow from the hospital where he has been under treatment for duodenal ulcer, and will be able to resume his duties "on a part-time basis" on Dec. 6, a UN spokesman said today.

U.K. Sees Aid For Africans In Rhodesia

Issues White Paper To Defend Accord

LONDON, Nov. 26 (Reuters).—The British government said today that a settlement of the Rhodesian independence dispute would open the way to a comprehensive aid and technical assistance program directed to expanding African opportunities in employment and education.

The government said this in a 40-page white paper parliamentary document reporting on the agreement for a settlement reached Wednesday in Salisbury between Foreign Secretary Sir Alec Douglas-Home and Rhodesian Prime Minister Ian Smith.

The white paper also gives details of a declaration of human rights which Sir Alec and Mr. Smith agreed would be part of a settlement.

It said that the British government recognized that while sanctions and international criticism were having some effect on the Rhodesian economic situation, these measures had not brought about, and did not seem likely to bring about, the political changes that were confidently expected at the outset.

"Moreover, it was evident that the prospects for the African population (5,000,000) as a whole could only deteriorate if the present situation remained unchanged," the white paper said.

"The economic, social and political advance of the Africans could take place only after a return to economic normalcy and the restoration of conditions in which orderly change would be possible.

"A settlement could open the way to a comprehensive aid and technical assistance program directed to expanding African opportunities in employment and education, which would make an important contribution to this advance."

Danish Premier, Pompidou Confer On EEC Entry

PARIS, Nov. 26 (UPI).—Premier Jens Otto Krag of Denmark held "extremely frank and valuable" talks today with President Georges Pompidou, who agreed that Denmark's entry into the Common Market should be effected as soon as possible.

"Our talks with French leaders and particularly my conversation with President Pompidou have been extremely frank and valuable," Mr. Krag told a news conference at the Danish Embassy here.

"Generally speaking, our talks have confirmed that Danish and French views are very close. In particular, we agreed that the negotiations on the enlargement of the [European Economic] Community should be brought to a rapid and positive conclusion," the premier said.

Mr. Krag said the main obstacle in Denmark's path at the upcoming negotiations in Brussels will be fisheries.

"We will support all endeavors to find a compromise which will also be satisfactory to Norway," he said.

FAO Appoints Alaskan

ROME, Nov. 26 (UPI).—The UN Food and Agriculture Organization today appointed Roy I. Jackson, of Juneau, Alaska, as its deputy director-general. Mr. Jackson, formerly the FAO's assistant director-general for fisheries, succeeds Oris V. Wells, of Slatersville, N.H., who retires Jan. 1.

Interest Is Shown in Dublin Faulkner Rejects Wilson Bid For Reunification of Ireland

BELFAST, Nov. 26 (UPI).—Prime Minister Brian Faulkner of Ulster today rejected a proposal by former British Prime Minister Harold Wilson for the eventual unification of predominantly Protestant Northern Ireland with the Roman Catholic Irish Republic.

Replying in a statement to recommendations yesterday by Mr. Wilson, leader of the opposition Labor party, Mr. Faulkner said: "As far as the political eye can see, there is, I believe, no prospect of Northern Ireland joining with the Republic."

In Dublin, Prime Minister Jack Lynch said Mr. Wilson's proposals were "a serious contribution to the problem and must be studied."

Liam Cosgrave, opposition leader in Dublin, also called for the plan to be studied carefully, "because it comes from a man who was a British prime minister and may be premier again."

Mr. Wilson recommended a 15-point plan that included a new constitution embracing all Ireland, which would come into effect within 15 years if violence ended and the parliaments agreed.

The British Parliament would assume direct responsibility for security in the province and the newly constituted Irish Republic would become part of the Commonwealth under the rule of the queen.

Mr. Faulkner said, "It is absolutely basic to my principles as a unionist that the position of Northern Ireland as an integral part of the United Kingdom must not be weakened in any way."

Violence continued today in Ulster, where four-sided fighting between Protestants, Catholics, British soldiers and the outlawed Irish Republican Army has claimed more than 125 lives this year.

Two Photographers Hurt

A bomb explosion in an electrical store in the city injured eight persons, including four firemen and two West German news photographers. The police identified the Germans as James Muller, living in London, who had a broken arm, and Folker Weber of Hamburg, who was treated for shock.

Troops searching St. Peter's School in a Catholic area of Belfast found six pistols, 100 rounds of assorted ammunition and a bomb packed with nails in a boys' locker room. The headmaster of the private school denied knowledge of the cache.

Three armed men robbed a Londonderry shirt factory of £10,000 and in Belfast, six men stole several thousand dollars from a baron factory.

WHILE IN HOLLAND MEET THE VAN MOPPELS WORLD'S LARGEST DIAMOND POLISHING FACTORY FREE FOR VISITORS A. van MOPPELS & SON 2-6 ALBERT CUYPSTRAAT AMSTERDAM SINCE 1829

happy blendings begin with portuguese coffee Mrs. Cleaver Says Rightists Run Panthers

Industry Crisis, Eddy Perfumes, and other small advertisements on the left margin.

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The U.S. Payments Deficit

Secretary Connally keeps talking as though trade were the same thing as the balance of payments. It is not. From July to September of this year, the net outflow of merchandise trade—the excess of imports over exports, in other words—was no more than one-tenth of the deficit in the balance of payments.

The other nine-tenths of the deficit is nothing but money—capital on its way to new investment, profits, interest, gifts and so forth. In his speech in New York this week, Mr. Connally was using the recent and very severe payments deficit as proof of the immediate need for trade reform. But that is hardly the whole message.

The largest single item in the United States' current international accounts is entitled "Errors and Omissions." Wisdom in these matters begins with the truth that the basic figures are not very accurate. There are huge gaps and discrepancies, resulting from a data collection system that has a great many holes in it. Unlike sugar and automobiles, money does not have to go through customs. One of the curiosities of our international accounts in recent years is the enormous increase in the errors and omissions accounts. Last year it was over a billion dollars. This year in the second quarter alone it was \$2.3 billion. In the third quarter, it was in the range of \$5 billion. Since the total deficit in the balance of payments that quarter was about \$10 billion, half of it was the surge of unreported and untraceable money accounted under errors and omissions.

There is nothing very mysterious about this money. It is, in large and rising proportion, capital going abroad to speculate against the value of the dollar, which is falling steadily. If one had converted \$100 into yen last Aug. 15, when Mr. Nixon announced his intention of forcing down the dollar exchange rates, one could convert it back into something like \$109.50 today. People who jumped into the West German mark last spring would have made even more. As a way to make a living it is said to be hard on the ulcers, but there are those who love it.

Among the various perils confronting this Republic, the tides of outboard speculative capital are not a very serious matter. It all has to come back, after all, to make a profit. A currency speculator may find Frankfurt a nice place to spend a few months, but he doesn't necessarily want to live there.

The relatively small trade deficit has a relationship, of course, to the dramatic outflow of gamblers' money that has swollen the recent balance-of-payments totals. When a country with a long pattern of trade surpluses suddenly begins to sell less than it buys, the event attracts the attention of dealers who smell the possibility of devaluation. That is the point at which this country arrived last summer, and which is

now being reported in the payments statistics.

There is a kernel of real danger in his situation, but it is not strictly a matter of the international accounts. An over-valued dollar means a very sharp rise in imports, which undersell domestic industry on a large scale with predictable political results. Foreign governments, particularly the Western Europeans and the Japanese, would be wise to take very seriously those pages of Mr. Connally's New York speech in which he discusses this effect. Mr. Connally and Mr. Nixon have been accused of protectionism in their current economic policy. Mr. Connally is, unfortunately, correct when he says that the alternative to this policy would be a bitter wave of the crudest and most discriminatory protectionist legislation here. The immediate concern here is less the abstractions of the balance of payments than the hard figures of employment, the rate at which imports rise, and labor's take in exports.

The question is still whether the present American tactics are going to take Mr. Connally where he wants to go. He is giving a very persuasive impression that he will settle no single item until he can get a huge comprehensive solution to the whole range of issues that are summed up in the balance of payments. But when half of that deficit is anonymously represented by the errors and omissions account, and when there are some grave doubts as to the precise accuracy of other accounts, a careful man would not choose to be dogmatic about the precise solution required.

Mr. Connally graphically described in New York some of the restraints that the Japanese have put on international competition in their own markets.

And he quite correctly chided the Europeans for discriminating against Japan. But to reform these traditions will be the work of many months, if not years. In any event, no one can say with any degree of assurance what effect the new exchange rates will have on the great worldwide movements of goods and investments. New rates may make some of the trade disputes less difficult to solve.

The best rule now is to take one thing at a time, beginning with the new exchange rates for the dollar. As long as the ultimate exchange rates are in doubt, the heavy flows of speculative funds will continue. Our customers abroad will continue to have reason to postpone buying goods that might be cheaper in a few weeks. The current uncertainty over parities only aggravates the weaknesses in our position. The finance ministers of the major trading nations are now scheduled to meet at the end of this month in Rome. That is Mr. Connally's opportunity to set aside temporarily his other concerns—trade restrictions and defense-burden sharing—and pursue prompt agreement on the dollar exchange rates.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

Uruguay's Critical Election

The most encouraging thing that can be said about the elections in Uruguay is that they will be held Sunday on schedule. For a country racked by prolonged economic depression and polarized by the urban terrorism of left-wing revolutionaries, that is no small achievement. In this area Uruguay thus continues to set an example for most of Latin America.

During a campaign marked by violence in a country long accustomed to domestic peace and democratic order, the enemies of President Jorge Pacheco Areco had predicted that he would try to get the armed forces to intervene and cancel the election. Mr. Pacheco, however, is seeking not military intervention but re-election.

He is unlikely to succeed. For him even to be eligible, a majority of the voters Sunday would have to approve an amendment to a constitution that in existing form limits a president to one five-year term. Even many voters who support Mr. Pacheco's strong—but so far inconclusive—actions against the Tupamaro guerrillas are unwilling to abolish the one-term provision.

What will command more attention and

concern than Mr. Pacheco's fate is the showing of a leftist coalition strikingly similar to the one that brought Salvador Allende to the presidency in Chile. The Frente Amplio (Broad Front) is made up of radical Catholics, Communists, Socialists, other Marxists and renegades from the traditional Colorado and Blanco parties. It has support from the Tupamaros despite their contempt for elections.

The front has nominated for president a respected former army general, Liber Seregni, and is making a strong challenge, especially in Montevideo. This challenge has further polarized Uruguayan politics, brought young right-wing terrorists into the campaign and resulted in one attempt on Gen. Seregni's life.

Gen. Seregni's election only a year after that of Dr. Allende would have a profound impact on Latin-American politics. Even a respectable showing would be bound to encourage similar coalitions in other South American countries. More than Uruguay's traditional democratic system will thus be at stake in Sunday's election.

THE NEW YORK TIMES.

International Opinion

Sino-Soviet Clash in UN

According to many UN experts, no Soviet representative so far has made as tough a speech [as Jacob Malik did Wednesday] against any other world power since the famous Soviet-American controversy provoked by the crushing of the 1956 Hungarian rising.

It has been doubtlessly expected that

Peking's admission to the United Nations will carry the Sino-Soviet controversy also into that forum, but no one expected the confrontation to come so fast and to be so violent. It is clear that the clashes and acid polemics will be taking place with increasing frequency in the United Nations in the coming months.

—From Le Monde (Paris).

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

November 27, 1896

PARIS—One must not get the impression that the United States has a selfish interest in the Cuban matter. True there is a restless jingo element in America which is always for annexing something or other and meddling in foreign affairs which do not concern the country. But the real interest of the United States is to bring the Cuban revolution to an end by peaceful means, before it is allowed to drag on and lead to still graver consequences.

Fifty Years Ago

November 27, 1921

PARIS—M. Jacques Thibaud, the violinist, was, and with good reason, the lion of the third grand symphonic concert given at the Paris Opera on Thursday evening under the direction of M. Serge Koussevitzky, the eminent Russian chef d'orchestre. In Beethoven's "Concerto for Violin" M. Thibaud showed a feeling, a spirituality and a technique which revealed the estimates which place him among the truly great artists of the time.



The Price of Livingstone

By Anthony Lewis

VICTORIA FALLS, Rhodesia.—It is 118 years since David Livingstone found the falls. His statue, arms akimbo, looks out over the incredible sight—the mile-wide Zambezi falling twice as far as Niagara, the spray filling the air with rainbows.

Nearby, the Rhodesians have built a replica of a 19th-century Metabala village. African guides take tourists into the round thatched-roof huts and joke about bride prices. There are dancers and masks and a witch doctor who tells optimistic fortunes. A gift shop sells African crafts.

Why is that village such a depressing place? It must be the contrast with the falls. They represent the eternal quality of Africa, the natural wonder that has hardly changed in a century. The village suggests the impact of Western man, the changed values he has brought.

The imbalance of African children in relation to the size of the economy underlines the insuperable problem of creating sufficient employment opportunities in the money economy, however favorable the external economic conditions become.

In other words, Rhodesia is moving steadily toward an explosive situation: an urban African proletariat largely unemployed, a peasant population too numerous for the land to support. And the end of sanctions will hardly affect that movement.

The Problem

The problem, as the figures show, is not the creation of the white man who rule Rhodesia today. There are miserable African urban quarters and overcrowded

farms in Nigeria and Kenya, too. The privileged position of the white Rhodesians merely dramatizes the situation.

It has all happened since Livingstone: the cities, the cash economy, the communications, the medicine. To romanticize the old Africa would be a mistake; the white men have prevented much cruelty and death. But they have also started a process of change that is out of control.

Looking at the reality of African stunts and rural impoverishment, the visitor may wish he could turn history back. But Western values are infectious; Africans have seen what the West has, and they want it. They will have to pay the price. Metabala will not again be as Livingstone found it.

Sports and Politics

By James Reston

WASHINGTON—The connection between sports and politics in America is getting to be front-page news these days. President Nixon was out at the Washington Redskins' football practice the other day, and the governors of Oklahoma and Nebraska were leading the cheers at the big Thanksgiving Day game in Norman, Okla., between the first two college teams in the country.

It is an interesting switch. Politicians used to feel that they had to identify themselves with the church in order to pick up votes, and they quoted the Bible to prove their fidelity to the old faith. Now they telephone football coaches instead of bishops, and issue pronouncements on the cunning and confusion of the modern Texas Wahabon offensive strategy, which is now the new holy trinity of football.

Who can blame them? Politicians go where the votes are. The stadium is now more popular in America, or at least more exciting and more decisive, than the church. The game of football, unlike the "great game of politics," is mathematical and understandable. Its rules are plain: four tries to make 10 yards, measurable by the sticks. The field is clearly marked with its sidelines and goal lines. It has a kickoff, a half-time, and an end marked to the second by the clock, and referees and headliners to call the close ones and spot the dirty tricks, and instant replay cameras to let the people judge the decisions.

No Metaphysics

In short, football is not a metaphysical exercise. It has pagantry, and a sharp practical clash between the weak and the strong, and at the end, you know who has won. It is not like a theological philosophy or a foreign policy, where you have to wait for a generation and sometimes even a lifetime to discover how it all comes out.

Maybe, then, since sports are so definite and popular and politics on the whole are so vague and unpopular, we should think about applying some of the rules of the football campaign to our presidential election campaigns. Politicians, for example, are constantly off-side, or out of bounds. They are forever stalling, jumping

the gun, grabbing face masks, clipping from the rear, gouging in the clinches and, to use Nixon's own phrase, taking "cheap shots" at crippled opponents.

But in politics, there are few referees or headliners, and no instant replay. Think of the possibilities of instant replay cameras on the fumbles of our politicians. The television cameras actually did it, not instantly but a little later on, in Vietnam. They showed what the battle in the elephant grass was all about, what "search and destroy" missions really meant in human suffering, what the war did in the Vietnamese villages, and what it did to the GIs with their guns and their F4s, and their Vietnamese women and their dope.

Exposing Facts

The exposure of the facts in Vietnam, primarily by the TV cameras, is really what drove Nixon to question his former hawkish policies and withdraw. But there's still very little instant analysis of the government's latest policies on inflation, unemployment, the balance of payments, money, trade, or labor.

There is a big flap here in Washington now for example, about whether George Meany of the AFL-CIO was disconcerted to the President at the labor convention in Miami Beach or whether the President went there spilling for a fight and trying to blame Meany for wrecking the new wages and prices policy.

All this took place in the open, with the television cameras recording the scene, so with a honest political replay process, we should be able to judge what happened. But unlike the football instant replays, there has been no

Letters

For Judges

All nettles and bristles, and determined to curb the growing profusion of legal challenges to executive authority, Solicitor General Erwin Griswold (DCT, Nov. 19) miffily asks: "Should judges be dealing almost continuously with heated social and economic controversies? Why indeed. (Especially when there are so many more important matters—divorce cases, insurance claims and the like—cooling their heels in the wings!)"

The object of Mr. Griswold's annoyance is the Sierra Club, and its suit testing the government's authority to approve construction of a \$35-million ski resort on national forest land. Argues Mr. Griswold (as spokesman for the government), such suits should be barred to litigants who have "only an intellectual or emotional interest" in the outcome. (Presumably, a monetary interest is of a higher order, and therefore worthy of judicial recognition.)

Now, it should be borne in mind that the Sierra Club is not made up of little old ladies in tennis shoes, galloping through the woods with bird whistles and butterfly nets. They were instrumental (and very nearly successful) in the recent attempt to block the AEC's H-blast at Amchitka. And their motivation is fueled by one of the most critical issues of our time: the ecological equilibrium of our planet.

No longer an issue of mere esthetics, ecology today confronts a question of vastly greater significance than just the quality of future life on earth. To be resolved now whether there is to be any future life at all on earth.

This, as some insist, could prove to be a hysterical overstatement of the case. But if they are wrong, and if we continue in the most literal sense to sell our planet down the drain, then no amount of executive determination is going to put this humpty-dumpty back together again.

One can understand the government's frustration: after all, none of us wishes aggressive and sustained interference with the accomplishment of his job. But, then, it must be remembered that the entire raison d'être for government is to serve its citizens, not the reverse. Moreover, the Sierra Club has incurred the government's ire not for violating but for exercising the law. And as for those regretted "intellectual and emotional interests" wouldn't we perhaps be better off today if they (rather than questions of financial loss or gain) were accorded far greater emphasis and respect?

JAMES COULTER BLACK, Nyon, Switzerland.

UN Membership

Burke, Herbert or otherwise, is an apt name for any member of the House Foreign Affairs Committee who wants the UN to expel Byelorussia and the Ukraine (DCT, Nov. 10th).

Justice, he should be demanding that Moscow file UN membership applications for the

Soviet Union's whole string of 15 republics. Then Washington could correct the imbalance by giving its own favor by granting representatives from all 50 States. Of course, as an Englishman I cannot guarantee pushing minister will consider pushing for membership of separate bodies representing England, Scotland, Wales, Ulster and, possibly, the Isle of Man, Jersey, Guernsey and Alderney. Nevertheless, the mind boggles at all the possible variations of this theme and the booster it would be for the American economy.

ALAN DEAN, Belgrade.

Irish Attitudes

As an Irishman and one who deplores the cruel stupidity of the tarred girls, I still wish to protest the attitudes displayed in your readers' section on this subject (Nov. 18).

Since bigotry is what we have in overabundance, Hudson Bone's remarks about "good Catholics" and "freedom of choice" (believe it or not, some of these people think they're fighting for that) can only show the kind of emotional ignorance intelligent people are faced with there.

As for L.R.M.'s remark on the "how very Irish" aspect of the incident I presume that she feels my Iai to be "how very American" or perhaps "European" and Euchenwald "how very German"?

If we must have comments, at least let them be reasonable and objective. We've got enough bigotry and racial stupidity as it is.

EDWARD ROWE, Veud, Switzerland.

Intelligence Activities

The present—and latest—Franco-American legal and diplomatic dogfight is causing some very odd things indeed to crawl out from under the rocks. The main one would seem to be the intelligence services of several Western countries to traffic in drugs. The sums thus raised are "laundered" in fiscal-haven banks, where they become normal money again.

The above allegation is mind boggling. It's a temptation to cry, "Untrue!" But if you put together four facts known to a few familiar with intelligence services, that allegation takes on more than a slight coloring of probability. The facts:

a) Intelligence services the world over (except perhaps the Soviet KGB) don't get, or feel they don't get, enough money to carry on their operations;

b) Intelligence services habitually effect their missions by means of theft, blackmail, and—seldom enough, not to raise a eyebrow—murder; if possible disguised as accidents;

c) Intelligence services are not factually accountable to law (not even in the States, but all the less so in countries where the law is what shames the government); or the Establishment is matter-of-course and accepted by the public;

d) Intelligence services, in their heading single-minded pursuit of information, not infrequently find that banknotes won't get them nearly as far, for this or that in form, as a regular supply of narcotics.

Take these four facts, mix and shake well. What do you get? You get at the very least, permanent and lively temptation to obtain drugs regularly. Which, because money is scarce, becomes the temptation to enter the drug trade.

And now one must ask: just what moral mechanisms will stop an intelligence service, or some of its more zealous members from taking such a course? We're talking here of the selfishness of people who, when the welfare of their country or of their own organization is judged by them to be at stake, bump you off and everyone thinks it was drowning by imprudence, a real suicide of a coronary. Yet those same agents are so pious they won't cross one's mind?

The Western world and our individual countries need to be defended, all right. But by whom and using what methods?

JOHN COLEMAN-HOLMES, Paris.

Underlying Reason

We note from the Nov. 19 issue of Life magazine that Hiram Walker & Sons, of Canada, had a case of Canadian Club whiskey 110 feet (33 meters) from where Stanley met Livingstone. The whiskey was put down on 12 June 1871, due west of the Livingstone Memorial, to attract treasure hunters and durable drinkers.

Rorback must have known about this; what other bona would tempt him to make the arduous journey to UTM?

PAUL S. DEEMS, Versailles.

EMILY GENAUER

The Arts in New York: Plays, Paintings and American Indians

NEW YORK—Not for easy answers but for some possibly revealing insights into New York's newest mystery, "What's Harold Pinter saying in 'Old Times'?" I suggest a visit to the new show of Josef Albers' paintings at the Metropolitan Museum.

The 41-year-old British playwright and the 83-year-old German-born American painter have produced works equally secretive but intense, tranquil but disturbing, limited in means but with implications of infinite meaning.

There are long silences in the play, and the characters never really touch each other, and at last one doesn't know when or how well they knew each other, and whether one may not even be dead. Pinter's pictures there are many empty white spaces, and the only shapes are boxes within boxes, each seeming tightly sealed, yet each depending for its shape and intensity on the boxes enclosing it.

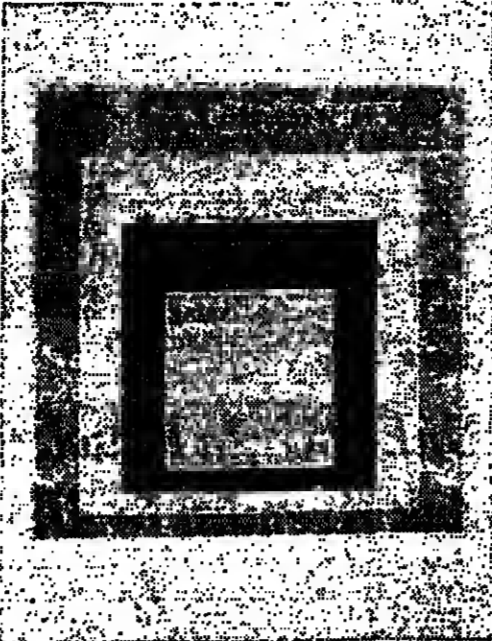
In the paintings and in the

play, lighting is incredibly subtle, sometimes soft, then suddenly bold. But it serves less to illumine anything specific than as something mysterious and transcendental, a searching eye, perhaps.

Always, the implied reverberations of the play's dialogue and even the character's gestures are cleanly, coolly disciplined into almost too stylized patterns; in Albers' many variations of his "Homage to the Square," there is that same mystical balance between lyrical feeling and austere discipline.

One could draw further parallels, but there's not much point. I bring them up only because in the visual arts mysteries are both more acceptable and accessible than in the theater. Visitors to the large retrospective exhibition at the Metropolitan can be observed sitting quietly for long periods on gallery benches, studying the pictures, utterly absorbed in and apparently much moved by them, but, in any case, not resisting. Of course the media are different. One doesn't so quickly yield expectations of meaning in spoken dialogue. But perhaps a visit to the Albers show before seeing "Old Times" at the Billy Rose Theater will leave audiences reader than they were for communication on another and more provocative level than the explicit meaning explicitly stated.

"Homage to the Square—Predit" by Josef Albers on view at the Metropolitan in New York.



Another new play which is not a mystery at all also invites passing and perhaps persuasive comparison with a new exhibition. The play this time is Neil Simon's "The Prisoner of Second Avenue," at the Eugene O'Neill Theater; the exhibition is drawings by cartoonist William Steig at the Weitz Galleries. Not that audiences need much persuading to see any Neil Simon work, or that what they'll see and hear at "The Prisoner" requires interpretation.

The fact is, nevertheless, that mild objections have been raised in several corners that Simon's characters in this immensely funny comedy about a young couple done in by the trials of life in New York have no dimension, and that the play doesn't go anywhere. It remains a sharply perceptive, compassionate series of sight gags that have to do with specific situations and

the wacky and somewhat endearing or at least likeable people who've gotten into them, as, indeed, we all have, in greater or lesser degree.

Well, not all plays have to have in-depth characterizations, or plots with shape. See this one as a cartoon, specifically like one of William Steig's cartoons on the battle of the sexes, lifted from paper, where it offers a few moments of pleasure for its witty and compassionate observation and superb craft, to development into an hour and a half of almost continual laughter effective for exactly the same qualities. Simon's main characters and Steig's are identical—loving, lusty, confused, beaten, and, as they are shown in one of his very best drawings, up a tree, huddled on their separate branches. Simon's extraordinary accomplishment is that he is able to sustain Steig's moments of rueful laughter for the length of an evening.

The "most" major event of the New York art week (Albers' pictures, after all, turn up frequently, although their showing at the Met of course constitutes a "major" occasion) is the exhibition at the Whitney Museum called "Two Hundred Years of North American Indian Art."

For all the enormous interest in primitive and especially pre-Columbian art in New York and, in fact, all over the country, relatively little attention has been paid to the art of American Indians. Certainly nothing examining the field in real breadth has been presented in New York since an exhibition staged by the late René d'Harnoncourt at the Museum of Modern Art 30 years ago. Concentrations of Indian art are, of course, to be found on permanent view at the Museum of the American Indian tucked into the cluster of museums at 181st Street and Broadway, at the American Museum of Natural History, the Brooklyn Museum, and the Nelson Rockefeller Museum of Primitive Art. The emphasis in almost all of these, however, has been on ethnography.

In this newest round-up, sponsored by Philip Morris Incorporated (Indians, remember, first cultivated tobacco), the emphasis is on aesthetic quality all the way. And what quality they have! Limited to works made from the 17th through the 19th centuries, they have, as a group, neither the intense power nor the monumentality we have come to expect of the Indians of Mexico, for example. Most North American Indians were nomadic, and they chiefly made transportable objects of use. They were, as well, subjected for almost 150 years to the influences of non-Indians, particularly to traders wanting altered designs that would meet tourist tastes. More important, the conditions of life changed as Indians were moved to reservations, and ceremonies and normal practices, and the objects required to serve these, changed.

Raymond Mason is an English painter who now lives and works in France, and who has taken for the theme of his exhibition at the Pierre Matisse Gallery "The Departure of the Fruits and Vegetables from the Heart of Paris." What he's referring to is the closing of Les Halles, the famous market of Paris, which he describes as "the last image of the Natural in the City." He re-creates it in a rather astonishing way, a 10-foot-long hyper-realist relief sculpture made of painted epoxy resins, in which the vendors in a procession carrying their fruits and vegetables come out, somehow, as a cross between the pop-art sculptural cartoons of Red Grooms and the drawings of Thomas Rowlandson. The workers are at once tough, hard, strong, sad, gentle and resilient. They're seen against a background of familiar monuments of the district, Mason's conception is a technical tour de force a little shocking because it's so unexpected at this moment in art history (being more tender than is pop art), and it's more effective for being exhibited with a group of his remarkably free and fluid preparatory drawings.

What comes out of the exhibition, nevertheless, is the American Indian's boundless desire for ingenious and inventive decoration, his powerful sense of form, and the visionary quality and hallucinatory intensity of his art. Among the most effective objects in the exhibit are carved wooden spoons from Oklahoma (curiously suggestive of Easter Island stone heads), a variety of Alaskan Eskimo masks, and stunning carvings from the Pacific Northwest Coast.

Although 87 Indian tribes are represented in the show, with

over 300 objects, many of these are relatively small. The installation, therefore, for all its effectiveness, is a little scattered and in some stretches rather thin. Norman Feder, curator of American Indian and Native Arts at the Denver Art Museum, served as guest curator of the exhibition and has written a strong, clear, richly informative catalogue invaluable for material as generally unfamiliar as this.

Two new one-man exhibitions in New York indicate that realism remains a strong force among painters. One wouldn't expect anything different from Joseph Hirsch, of course, who long ago took his position on that controversy. But his newest pictures, at the Forum Gallery, also make clear that within the realist framework he continues to grow and change. His textures are infinitely richer than in the past, his palette is more luminous. But there's also, along with his familiar compassion and quiet lyricism, a new academic note—as in an ingenious work called "Night-rod," having to do with motorcycle riders.

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Cadenas from David-Weill collection—143,570 francs.

Art Market: Contradictions At a Sale of French Silver

By Souron Melikian

PARIS, Nov. 26 (IET).—Part of the collection of French silver formed by the late David David-Weill was auctioned Wednesday at the Palais Galliera. A prior sale, held on June 4, had aroused considerable enthusiasm. Enormous prices were paid for some of the top-quality pieces: 825,000 francs were offered for a gold box attributed to J.A. Meissonier.

Wednesday's sale was different, partly because the objects were different but partly, no doubt, because of deteriorating market conditions.

Pieces of the type that fetched the record 825,000 francs last June were missing, but the quality was high. A similar group of French silver is unlikely to come up for sale again soon, an important point to keep in mind when assessing the sale (which was conducted by Edouard Adler, assisted by expert Jacques Heilt). Some late 17th and early 18th-century objects, of which few have survived, were truly superb. Lot 10, a pair of candlesticks made by Jacques Benard in 1718 brought shouts of admiration from two dealers; 66,570 francs, they seemed to think, was a reasonable price. A real masterpiece of Louis XIV silver, a covered bowl made by Antoine I. Renaud (or Renard); the spelling is in doubt) but Lyons in 1679, fetched 118,070 francs, a fourth less than the expert's estimate and, I think, decidedly less than what it was worth. In view of the superb quality of chiseling. The same applies to a silver, a flat rectangular container used to hold a fork, knife, spoon and saltcellar of royalty from Renaissance times on. It deserved more than the 143,570 francs it made.

Small Box

It would be exaggerating to say that the really good pieces did badly, but throughout the sale I kept thinking that they might have done better. A small box by François Thomas Germain, Lot 25, was a striking example. Germain's name is about as glamorous to French collectors as Paul de Lamerie's is to the British. The box was once in the Henri Charles collection, which was sold in Paris in 1907, and later to the Marquis Paulme collection, which was sold in April, 1932. It was illustrated in Louis Carré's "Guide des Objets d'Art Français" published in 1931, and I would put it among the artist's best works. It sold for 116,070 francs, like the covered bowl, a fourth under the expert's estimate. I wouldn't have been surprised to have seen it sell for 165,000 francs.

Another example of an "inexpensive" object: a sugar bowl (Lot 30) by Marc-Étienne Jansy dated 1788. It was made of platinum, a metal considered less "noble" than silver in the 18th century and therefore seldom used for high-quality pieces. Baron Jérôme Pichon, one of the greatest collectors of French silver in the 19th century, once owned it. The 44,570 francs paid by the London firm of J.S. Phillips was one third under the expert's estimate and, I think, well under its real value.

High Bids

The impression that silver is on a downward trend is not altogether justified. There were high bids. Another work by François-Thomas Germain, a silver salver dated 1750, was very expensive at 220,570 francs. While this price may be regarded as "acceptable" because of the artist's workmanship, a couple of *dièges couvre-plats*, bell-shaped covers to keep food warm, went for the fantastic price of 288,570 francs. The two pieces, made by Jacques-Nicolas Frochot, are part of a large set (the exact number is not recorded) made by the order of Catherine II of Russia, who presented them to Count Gregory Grigorievich Orlov. The Russian Imperial coat of arms engraved on the two dishes made by Edme-Pierre Balzac as companion pieces bear witness to their glamorous pedigree. Nevertheless, neither the covers nor the dishes are unique. Most dealers agreed that the price was extremely high.

These contradictory facts show that auctions are never governed by purely rational rules. The emotions of the collector who is tempted for personal reasons, to buy a piece play a role. The contradictions also point to what I would call a moderate reticence on the part of private buyers. French collectors were very active, but orders from abroad were scanty and failed to act as an incentive. Americans, particularly, did not send as many orders as they did in June. Had they done so, the comparatively moderate prices paid for some of the best pieces from the 17th and 18th centuries would surely have brought higher prices.

Audience

In short, French silver is not falling out of favor, but for a sale of international standards to be 100 percent successful, there must be an international audience.

A third factor may have contributed to the moderate prices. Some connoisseurs suggested that the expert had been overly optimistic in some of his assessments. Lot 21, a magnificent three-shaped box attributed to Antoine-Sébastien Durand, was illustrated in the catalogue and a drawing of this artist's hallmark accompanied the photograph, but I could see no hallmark on the actual piece. The presence of a hallmark, of course, enhances value.

One connoisseur expressed doubts concerning the condition of a pair of candlesticks. He suggested that they might have originally been made as *plaque-à-crayons*, church candlesticks with long tapering points at the top instead of the hobbles (candle sockets). Although the two lots sold extremely well (118,070 francs) higher than a dealer could ever hope to sell them for—these candlesticks and a few other pieces failed to impress some collectors favorably. The auction revealed that top pieces of silver still fetch high prices but no longer rise beyond wild expectations. A sale next week will show whether this applies to objects d'art as well. The collection of the late George Geffroy, one of France's finest connoisseurs, will go on the block Thursday at the Palais Galliera.

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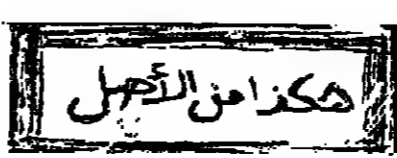
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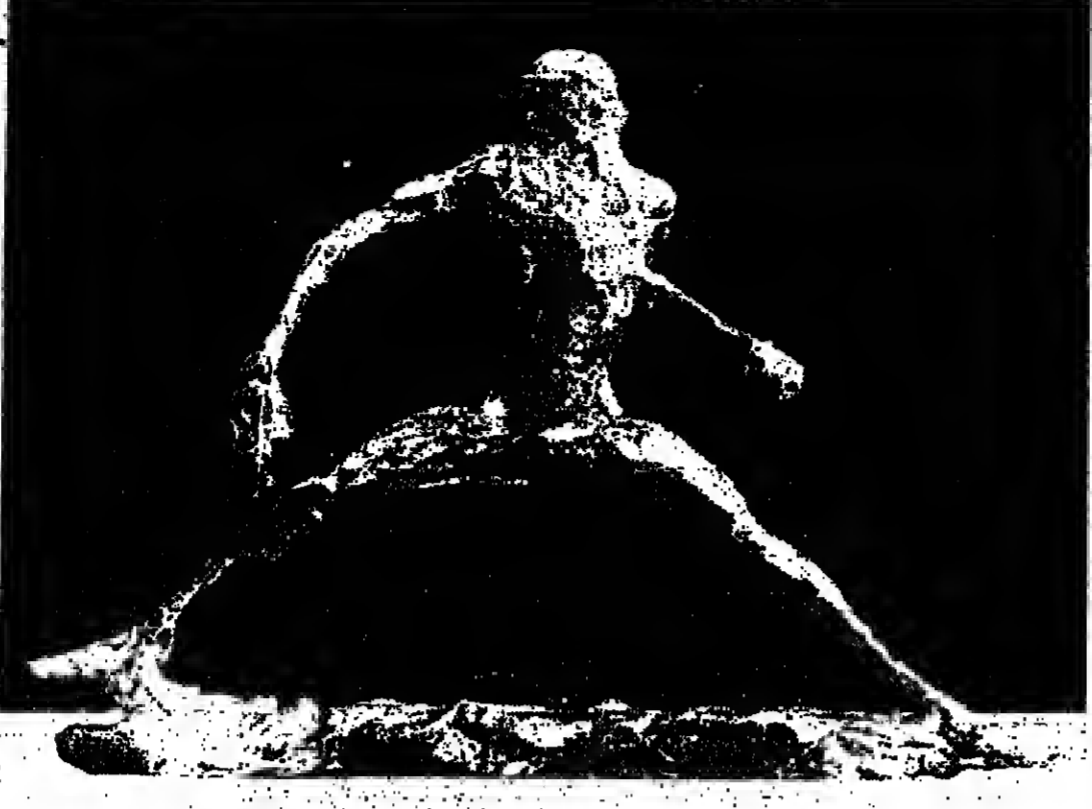
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EUROPE Sculpture, Sounds in Paintings, Graphics

From David-Well... Market: Comb... Sale of Fr... By Souren... exhibition of... André Weil, 26... 1960, Paris 8, to... of this rather... habits... Varying small pieces... capture an exact... or attitude... and balancing... the subjects he... is also a young woman... and a com... sculpture of two... that is both... numerous. Ver... with the work... large scale... the subject... 12 Rue... 6, to Nov. 30... Sarkis is de... & entendi... and entitled... in recorded... sets has been... 120-pon... pages of type... and then type... included in Wil...



Baseball pitcher by Dutch sculptor Kees Verkade.

sculpture that makes it rather dull whereas the jewelry has considerable elegance. —MICHAEL GIBSON. London Images of Reconciliation and Other New Paintings by Andrew Murray, Portal Gallery, 16A Grafton St., Bond St., London W. 1, until Nov. 30. Murray is naive in style, not concept. His "reconciliation" paintings, St. George shaking... paws with the dragon, a hunter watering a thirsty stag, a child and a tiger, a lion and a lamb lying down together, are sophisticated in the extreme. His other new paintings concern themselves with London landmarks, football players, fishermen, the Pantheon, a Montmartre cat. he hired on the Rue du Bac. The show ranges from his student days in the mid-1890s to his last years in the mid-1890s and provides a fine commentary on his life and times. Le Noir et Blanc, William Weston Gallery, 38 Albemarle St., London W. 1. William Weston, who specializes in fine 19th and 20th-century-master prints is celebrating the opening of this new gallery with an exhibition similar in kind and intention to those mounted in Paris in the 1890s. The 36 works in the show include two London etchings by Whistler, a first edition of one of the only three plates engraved by Cézanne, an early etching of an orchard by James Ensor, two first editions, from Goya's "Las Caprichos" and a superb cat study by Steinlen. Claude Lorrain Fraser, 1890-1921. D'Offay Couper Gallery, 9 Dering St., New Bond St., London, W. 1, until Dec. 10. Fraser was much more of a designer and illustrator than an artist. This show of his watercolors, drawings and sketches, including his "Book of Simple Toys," is a timely revival of a talent almost forgotten. Included in the exhibition are costume designs for Gladys Cooper, Karavina and productions at the Shakespeare Memorial Theatre along with textile designs and pastoral watercolors of England. —MAX WYKES-JOYCE.

MUSIC Cimarosa and Vivaldi in Paris

By David Stevens PARIS, Nov. 26 (HTT).—The musical histories are full of the electrifying effects that Italian musicians have made on visits to Paris, and the Semaine Musicale Italienne that has just ended was at least a transient example of this phenomenon. The main events were two theatrical works, little-known in themselves but representing two great Italian musical traditions—Cimarosa's opera buffa "Il Matrimonio Segreto" and Vivaldi's sacred oratorio "Juditha Triumphans." Both were given by the Piccolo Teatro Musicale di Roma, which has done as much for opera buffa in the last couple of decades as its orchestral counterpart, I Virtuosi di Roma, has done for the instrumental music of Vivaldi and his contemporaries—both under the baton and artistic leadership of Renato Fasano. The cheers that greeted the first performance of "Il Matrimonio Segreto" at the Opéra-Comique on Wednesday must surely have shaken some of the dust from the corners of the Salle Favart. The work itself is worthy of it. Cimarosa was a cosmopolitan contemporary of Mozart and precursor of Rossini, and this opera—although it had its premiere in Vienna on the heels of the comic creations—held its own then and remains the only one of the composer's 60-odd stage works to hold the stage today. No Dust Happily, this group's productions bear none of the dust of the music library, but are built around first-class singers and lively stagings. In this case, the rather routine tale of a secret marriage revolved around the in-comparable Sesto Bruscantini as Don Gerolamo, the father who gets hopelessly tangled up in the process of marrying off his two daughters. This baritone is always a delight to watch and hear—he has a full bag of buffo tricks masterfully deployed with perfect diction, yet with both feet firmly planted in the music. He is a Mozartian par excellence, and does not hesitate to lavish the same care on Cimarosa, Rossini and Verdi. Yet his colleagues were poorer. Margherita Rinaldi was an appealing Carolina, sailing through her part with limpid tone and deadly accurate fioriture, while Luigi Alva, as her secret husband, weathered a sluggish start to portray a stylish tenor lover. Alberto Rinaldi was the deadpan, "eccentric" English count who settles for the semi-comic older sister, deftly portray-

ed by Cecilia Fusco, while Carmen Gonzales made more than usual of the stock middle-aged woman with designs on the tenor. Sandro Sequi's staging was well organized and unobtrusive and Pierluigi Pizzi's costumes were attractive and well characterized. Vivaldi A few days earlier, Paris's most musical suburb—St. Bastache, next to Les Halles—was the scene of a beguiling semi-staged and costumed performance of Vivaldi's "sacrum militare oratorium," whose full title is "Juditha triumphans, devicta Holofernis barbarie." The reason that all the parts are for female voices has to do with the fact that Vivaldi wrote this oratorio—perhaps "sacred melo-

Stage: American Nostalgia

Quinn Curtiss Nov. 26 (HTT). The success of the musical "No, No, Nanette" is a nostalgic celebration of American folkways. It is the young people of the universities who are nostalgic for old songs, old clothes and old ways. The score is more permissive than the old days. The success of the musical "No, No, Nanette" is a nostalgic celebration of American folkways. It is the young people of the universities who are nostalgic for old songs, old clothes and old ways. The score is more permissive than the old days. The success of the musical "No, No, Nanette" is a nostalgic celebration of American folkways. It is the young people of the universities who are nostalgic for old songs, old clothes and old ways. The score is more permissive than the old days.

Stage: American Nostalgia

Moon, "Sally," "Kid Boots" and other musicals popular 45 years ago, one may expect them back before long. The Hollywood barroom with swinging doors, is profiting from the present trend, having found a new, young audience that wants to listen to the melodies that grandfather preferred. There is a striking change in the treatment of the recaptured past. Fifteen years ago the manners, mores, music and dress of the twenties were approached in a spirit of mockery, as in the British musical "The Boy Friend." Today—in both "No, No, Nanette" and in the pleasant little Plaza show—there is neither broad caricature nor tongue twister. Rather the vanished era of wonderful nonsense is regarded with slight stylization and undigested affection. One senses that the younger generation is rather sorry to have missed the fun. Whistler: Etchings, Drypoints and Lithographs, P. and J. D. Colnaghi & Co., Ltd., 24 Old Bond St., London W. 1, until Dec. 10. The décor of the galleries has been reconstructed from an account of Whistler's designs for his Venetian etchings exhibition in 1883. The catalogue has 56 plates, comprehensive notes and a scintillating introduction by Denis Sutton. There are 258 of Whistler's prints on show. Some of the finest are those he made in Paris in 1892 and 1893 when

On the Arts Agenda

Regina Resnik will stage Richard Strauss's "Elektra" and the role of Klytemnestra at the Teatro La Fenice in Venice, in a production with sets and costumes by Ardit Biatas, on Dec. 14. The title role will be taken by Inge Borkh and Fritz Rieger will conduct. The work, sung in German, will be given other performances on Dec. 17, 19, 21 and 23. Rossini's "The Barber of Seville," in Italian, will be the next production at the Paris Opéra, beginning Dec. 1, in a staging by Maurice Sarrazin and sets by Jean-Denis Malcès originally created for the Royal Opera, Covent Garden. Gianfranco Rivoli will conduct, June Berlie and Mady Mesplé will share the role of Rosina, Robert Massard will sing the title role and Eduardo Gimenez that of Count Almaviva. On Dec. 8, Gian Carlo Menotti's "Maria Golovin," in last season's production of the Marseilles Opéra, will enter the Opéra repertoire, staged by the composer, who also will supervise the revival at the Opéra-Comique of a double bill of two of his works—"The Telephone" and "The Medium"—beginning Dec. 3.

AUCTION SALES

Auction Sale in New York, 2pm Tue. 7th Dec. at PARKE-BERNET GALLERIES. The Melvin Gutman Collection, Part VI. Sold by Order of the Executors of His Estate The Sixth and Last Sale of Jewelry and Objets de Vertu Extensively illustrated catalog \$4 (by mail \$5) from Sotheby & Co. 34/35 New Bond St, London W1A 2AA, and other Parke-Bernet Representatives in Paris, Zurich, Florence, Munich and Edinburgh.

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Large grid of ART EXHIBITIONS advertisements for various galleries in Paris, London, Zurich, Basel, Vienna, Cologne, Rome, and Madrid. Includes galleries like Galerie Dina Vierny, Michel Chemiakin, Galerie Taménaga, FUSARO, Galerie Cyrus 71, Seff Weidl, Knödel, Picasso, Darthea Speyer, Caroline Lee, Galerie de France, Hartung, Galerie J-B. Diette, Surrealists & Cubists, Omeil Galleries, Crane Kalman Gallery, Marlborough London, Ben Nicholson, Galerie Ariadne, Jorge Castillo, Cornelius Kolig, Maitre Yves de Gagny, and Galerie Maeght.

Table of Toronto Stocks with columns for High, Low, Last, and Change. Includes various stock symbols and prices.

Table of Montreal Stocks with columns for High, Low, Last, and Change. Includes various stock symbols and prices.

Table of European Markets (Yesterday's closing prices) in local currencies. Includes Amsterdam, Brussels, London, and Zurich.

Table of New York Stock Exchange Trading with columns for High, Low, Last, and Change. Lists numerous stock symbols and their corresponding prices.

How to start benefiting from investment management with as little as \$5,000. Text describing investment services and benefits.

Market Summary Nov. 26, '71. Most Active - New York. Lists various market indicators and stock performance.

Market Summary Nov. 26, '71. Most Active - American. Lists various market indicators and stock performance.

Market Summary Nov. 26, '71. Most Active - European. Lists various market indicators and stock performance.

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NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS OF ALDRINGER TRUST S.A.

Arrangements have been made by the Board of Directors of ALDRINGER TRUST S.A. ("Aldringer"), subject to the approval of the shareholders at the Extraordinary General Meeting referred to below and to the passing of resolutions approving the merger increasing the authorized capital of MONTEREY TRUST S.A. and making certain alterations to its Articles of Incorporation...

Dow Jones Averages

Table showing Dow Jones Averages for various categories like Industrial, Composite, and Foreign.

Standard & Poor's

Table showing Standard & Poor's indices for various categories like Industrial, Composite, and Foreign.

Mutual Funds

Table listing various Mutual Funds with their respective assets and performance metrics.

Additional Market Data

Table providing additional market data, including various stock prices and market indicators.

AGENDA

- 1. To approve an Agreement dated November 23rd, 1971, and made between the Company and Monterey Trust S.A. by which:
a) The Company will subscribe in cash for shares of Monterey having an aggregate net asset value equal to the value of the total assets of the Company less an amount sufficient to meet all liabilities of the Company and Aldringer Trust Holding Company of one percent of the net asset value per share of Monterey determined as at the date of the Meeting or if the Meeting is adjourned, at the date of such adjournment; and
b) The Company will transfer to Monterey its total assets less the amount specified above for a consideration in cash equal to the value of the assets so transferred determined as at the date of the Meeting or if the Meeting is adjourned, at the date of such adjournment.
2. To dissolve the Company with effect from the date of the Meeting, to appoint as Liquidators Messrs. Georges Kioes and Ernest Leclout, partners in Fiduciaire Generale de Luxembourg and to instruct them to implement the action proposed under 1. above and to distribute the assets of the Company to its shareholders (after providing for all liabilities) in proportion to the amounts paid on subscription for the relative shares.
Shareholders are advised that the quorum required at the Meeting in order for valid decisions to be taken is the holders present in person or by proxy of at least 60 percent of the shares of the Company in issue. In the event that a quorum is not present or if the Board of Directors so resolves for other reasons, a second meeting, at which there will be no quorum requirement, may be convened by further notice. In such event, voting on all matters on the above Agenda will be adjourned to the second Meeting.
In accordance with Luxembourg Law, the Resolutions to be proposed at the Extraordinary General Meeting and at any second Meeting will require the concurrence of two-thirds of the total number of shares represented at the Meeting, provided that at any meeting, shares not represented at the Meeting (up to a maximum of one-third of the total number of shares in issue) will be deemed to vote in favour of the proposed Resolutions, and that in that case the Resolutions will require the concurrence of a majority of the shares represented at the Meeting.
Holders of bearer shares may vote at the Meeting in person or by producing of the Meeting either their share certificates or a certificate of deposit which will be issued to them against deposit of their share certificates with Banque Generale de Luxembourg.
Holders of bearer shares may vote at the Meeting by proxy by completing the form of proxy which will be made available to them on request at the office of the Company as aforesaid. Share certificates so deposited will be retained until the Meeting or any adjournment thereof has been concluded. In order to be valid, all forms of proxy must reach the registered office of the Company not later than 12 noon on December 14th 1971.
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Journal

New York Stock Exchange Trading

Table of New York Stock Exchange trading data, including columns for stock symbols, prices, and volume. Includes sub-sections for 'Continued from Page 8', 'J-K', 'L', 'M', 'N', 'O', 'P', 'Q', 'R', 'S', 'T', 'U', 'V', 'W', 'X', 'Y', 'Z'.

U.S. Commodity Prices

Table of U.S. Commodity Prices listing various goods like wheat, corn, soybeans, and their current market prices.

INTERNATIONAL FUNDS

Table of International Funds listing various investment vehicles and their performance metrics.

Chicago Futures

Table of Chicago Futures prices for commodities like wheat, corn, and soybeans.

Tokyo Exchange

Table of Tokyo Exchange trading data for various Japanese stocks.

New Highs and Lows

Table of New Highs and Lows listing stocks that reached new price points.

Retail Sales in U.S.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26 (Reuters)—Retail sales rose to \$8.56 billion in the week ended Nov. 20 from \$8.53 billion the week previous, the Commerce Department reported today.

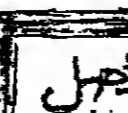
Eurodollars

Table of Eurodollars listing interest rates and market activity.

Eurodollar Borrowing

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26 (Reuters)—Eurodollar borrowings by American banks from their foreign branches rose \$399 million in the week ended Nov. 17 to \$3.55 billion, the Federal Reserve reported today.

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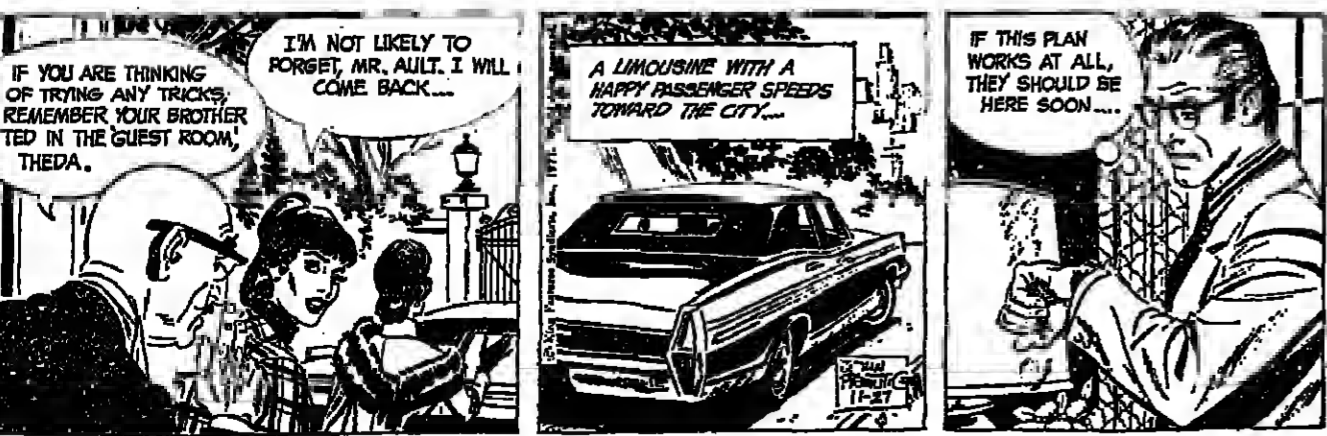
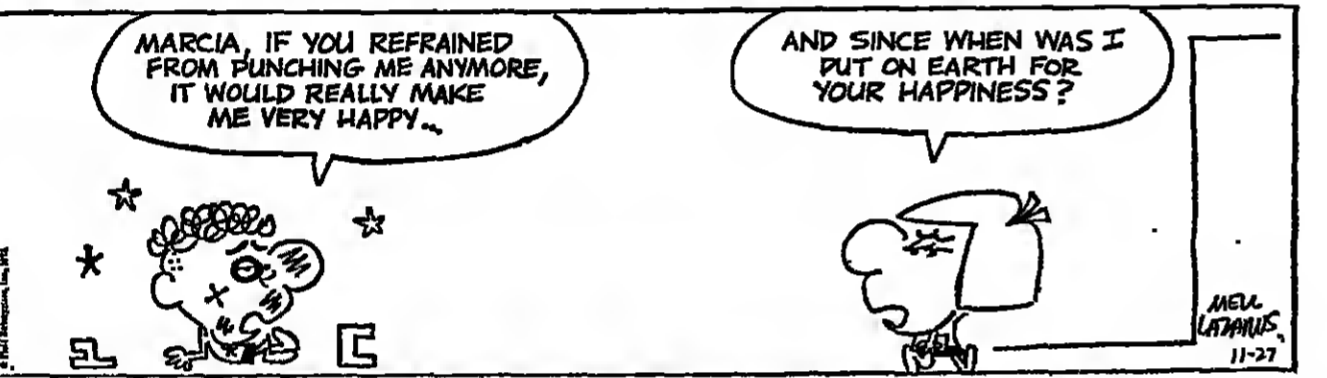
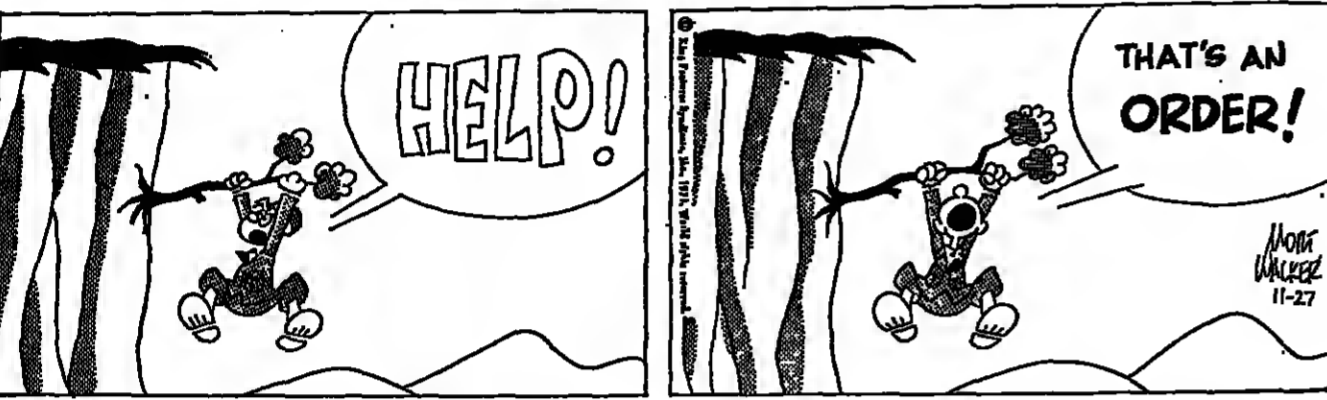
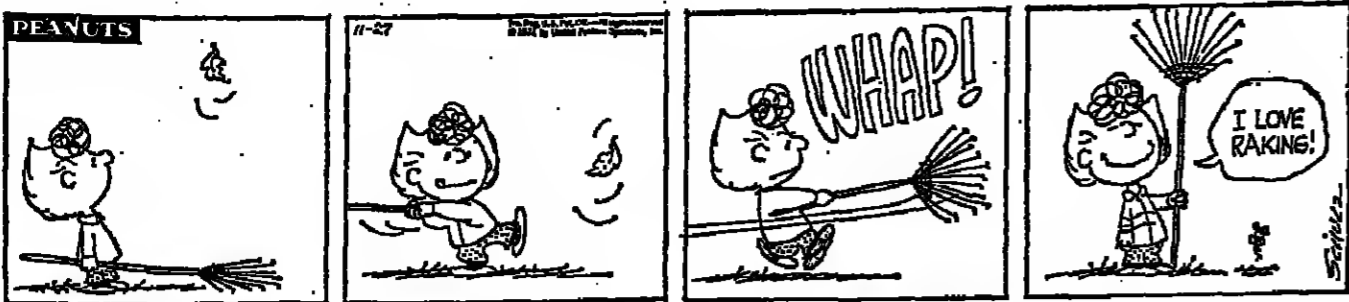
American Stock Exchange Trading

Main table of American stock exchange trading with columns for stock names, prices, and volume. Includes sub-sections A through H.

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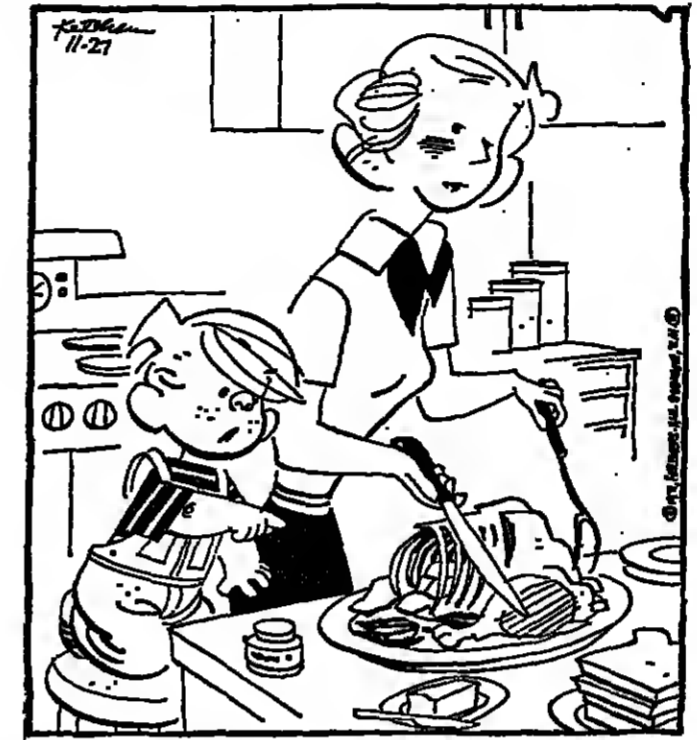
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B. E. E. T. L. E.
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M. I. S. S.
P. E. A. C. H.
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M. D.
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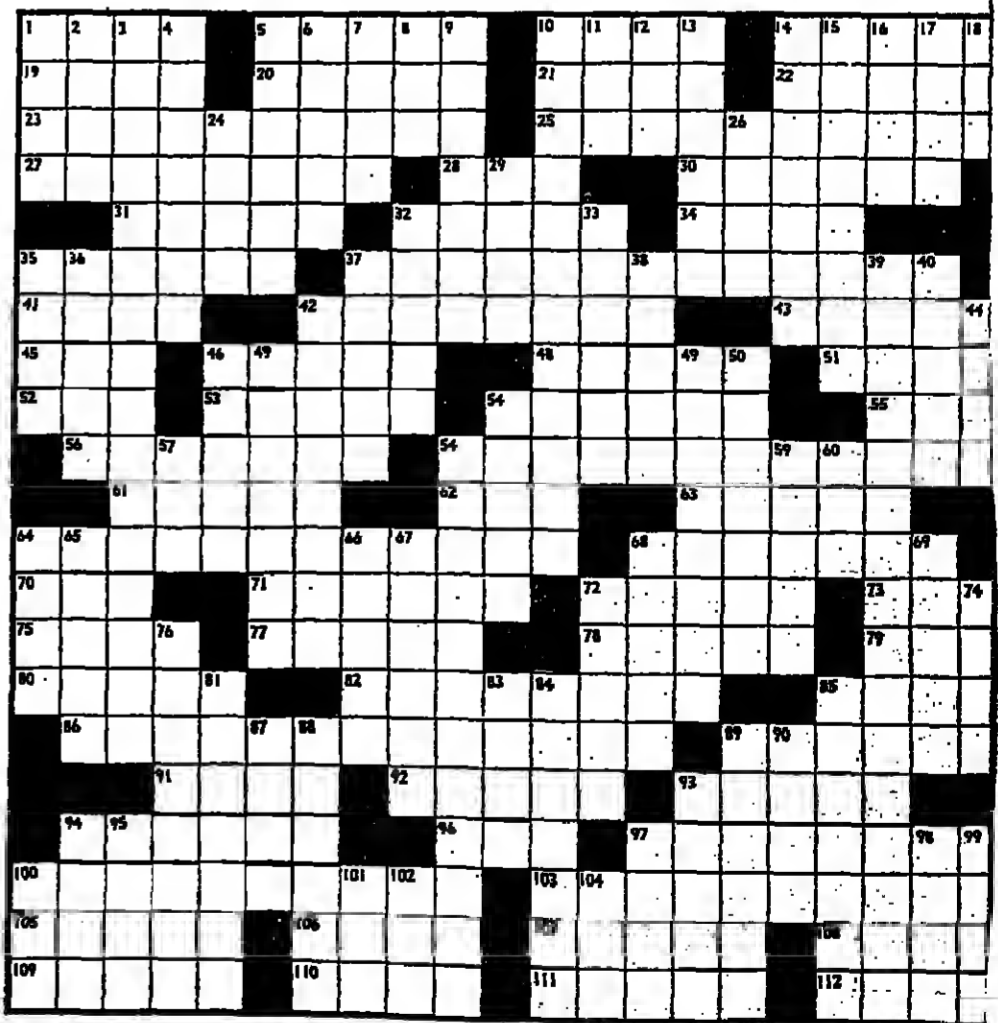
Jumble puzzle with words BOIMZ, DYKEE, RYSHER, TRABEN and a cartoon illustration.

Yesterday's Jumble: MOTIF HEAVY THEORY ARTERY Answer: There'll be something missing when he's gone--THE THIEF

- CROSSWORD PUZZLE clues: ACROSS 1 Wild's best's target, 2 Intimidated, 3 Banter, 4 Slicker, 5 Code word for A, 6 Raceway, 7 Unusual arbitrary, 8 Residence, 9 Everywhere, 10 Marooned, 11 Saw-toothed, 12 Retinal, 13 Bairy, 14 Loom bar, 15 Biblical verb, 16 Legendary, 17 Irish beauty, 18 Old hand, 19 Farmer comedy team, 20 Have hard going, 21 Marine plant, 22 Ouel and, 23 Softly with unit and weight, 24 Jib's relative, 25 Coop sounds, 26 Coffee type, 27 Harper, 28 Valley group, 29 Pang, 30 Scottish port, 31 College in Iowa, 32 Splendid, 33 'Nest' (Yucca lilia), 34 Ref. book, 35 Utter confusion, 36 Transaction, 37 Seller, 38 Singer in a group, 39 Tolstoy, 40 Adhesive, 41 To with, 42 Scree of, 43 Tell legend, 44 Switz's 'The Tale of', 45 British film maker, 46 Good soft, 47 Bank, 48 Master of cartoons, 49 Dept. store area, 50 Caldwel, 51 Symbols of drudgery, 52 Aches and sticks, 53 Mal de, 54 Flash, 55 'You''', 56 Ubiquitous G.I., 57 Ten less: Abbr., 58 Cross-country team, 59 Race order, 60 Acoustic wear, 61 Upright, 62 German article, 63 Bowsman, 64 Alas, 65 A sight, 66 Kashmir town, 67 Soprano, 68 Loebeberg, 69 Male, 70 Politician neologist, 71 Mysterical post of the free, 72 Last part

CROSSWORD PUZZLE

Edited by WILL WEN BREAKING WITH HABIT--By Eugene T. Maleska



- CROSSWORD PUZZLE clues: DOWN 33 Eschazo, 34 Estomach part, 35 Places for short, 36 Indigent, 37 Mythical pair, 38 Child, 39 Sufferer, 40 Inventor of a sea baguette, 41 Sagal product, 42 Copper poem, 43 Better than, 44 Non from Brazil, 45 masacre, 46 What con artist's, 47 Pub game, 48 Faltz Fr., 49 Litterer, 50 F. I. natives, 51 Deaf, 52 Debt assigner, 53 Dagger and, 54 Drape, 55 Blank contract, 56 Overboard seed, 57 Exact, 58 Exact a rondo's name, 59 Acacia, 60 Time for a good time, 61 Boy's collar, 62 Money in, 63 What into type, 64 What is, 65 and less, 66 Sky animal, 67 One of the 99, 68 Caesar's, 69 fatal day, 70 Money in, 71 Ford's, 72 bank's, 73 Put into type, 74 What is, 75 100, 76 Chemical article, 77 All and

BOOKS

THE ADVENTURES OF MAO ON THE LONG MARCH By Frederic Tuven. A Richard Kasak Book. Citadel. 121 pp. \$5. RICHES AND FAME AND THE PLEASURES OF SENSE By Kathy Black. Knopf. 151 pp. \$3.50.

Reviewed by Thomas Lask If these two short novels are indications of the kind of work being turned out by those who came of age in the sixties, the future of American writing will be adventurous, exhilarating, and free. Neither author has followed cozy models or worked in safe grooves. The books are not alike, though. Frederic Tuven's is tighter, harder, a more carefully controlled piece of work. Kathy Black's is looser, shapeless at times, not afraid to let the rough edges show. It is also more accessible in spite of what appears to be a wayward and haphazard style. Her materials are familiar, her characters recognizable as types if not always as individuals. But it is "The Adventures of Mao" that has the larger range and will reverberate in the memory after the book is closed. It has a curious structure. The story it tells is not new and every reader will know how it comes out, yet it somehow races along, taking the reader with it. It is made up of unlikely elements. Part of it is the story, surely true in larger outline, of the split between the Communists and Nationalists in the Kuomintang, the internal struggle within the Communist ranks between those who sought the classical solution, a proletarian revolt in the cities, and those who saw the peasant as the liberator of China, the ideological victory of Mao, his defeat by Chiang and his retreat in the Long March. Running in and out of this story are episodes that sound like, and may well be, extracts from Hawthorne, Jack London, Stephen Crane or Ambrose Bierce, Walter Pater and who knows what others. At one point, the author lists, as the improbable reading matter of Mao, a list of American magazines and books that run from Art News to Harper's Bazaar and from "The Three Musketeers" and "Roby Dick" to "Understanding Media" and "The Cold Blood." They may have all contributed to the novel. Some of the selections deal with the American Civil War, suggesting parallels to the war in China, with its brutality, relentlessness and inhumanity. Some of the pieces deal with aesthetics as if Mr. Tuven were posting a parallel between the emergence of the statue from the stone, or the work of art, which have called it--and the emergence of the revolution from the matrix of events. Such jottings may be over-serious. For much of the book is hilarious. An intense lecture on why the Red Army soldier does not rape women turns out to be a tedious disquisition on the development of the family down the ages. It balances on that fine edge between outright farce and quasi-serious dialogue and it's almost too good to be true. A brief interlude that evaluates "Hymn to a Cockroach" as one of the great poems of the century manages to work in all the critical clichés of the last half-century. It sounds like the scraps and shards of a Ph. D. oral. But even at its most ludicrous, "The Adventures of Mao" is always solid, meaty and full of ideas. The form is strange and intriguing. It's a novel that makes one eager for the author's next one. So topical are the events "Riches and Fame" that even the author seemed to be a little ahead. "A New York Times reviewer" she writes on the last page of her fiction, "would say he here's another student radical. YAWWWNNN she had fun in buildings, didn't she?" Fun is really the word. What really strikes me about these well-meaning, sometimes pathetic attempts to set the world aright is the sense and disappointment that hovers over their efforts. If giving older is in part to become disenchanted, then the you radicals in her book make quickly. They live in and around Columbia campus during the 60s and in the bus and in the during the student uprising. They are involved in these things, but they also spend a lot of time sitting around, talking analyzing themselves. Their lives resolve have shaky foundations, personal feelings intrude; honest doubts cloud even present as Do they want permanent revolution? Do they want to make and raise families? What they see as their future? A w almost wistful humor runs through their talk. "Soccer is a direct result of British imperialism in South American countries, said Paul, such an institution more praiseworthy than Coca-Cola?" They have the same influence, counted like aggressively. But soccer is better for your health." The goodwill of these young people, their desire to redress justice, to make the world better, to do something about the stores of guilt that lie in their hearts all shine through the immaturity, their quickness to sometimes dangerous behavior. Kathy Black has fixed the time and mood of the time in a slight but winning novella. Mr. Lask is a book reviewer for The New York Times.

Best Sellers

Table with columns: This Week, Last Week, FICITION, and a list of best-selling books.

هكذا من الأهل

Pruitt, Wylie Got Only 70 Yards

Nebraska Cut Off Outside Running Oklahoma Into Line

Ocala, Nov. 26 (UPI)—Devaney, coach of the No. 1 team, was terse in his comments against Oklahoma even though it lost 46-7 yards in Nebraska's 25-0 victory.

Georgia Turns Back Minded Georgia Tech

Nov. 26 (UPI)—The Crimson Tide's last game against Miami (Fla.) will play tomorrow, but the highest scorer in SEC history may be substituted.

Sophomore Quarterbacks To Guide Army and Navy

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26 (AP)—This is the story of two quarterbacks and how they grew. Both are sophomores. In years of age they total 38, a figure John Unitas can match.

Heisman Trophy Won by Sullivan Of Auburn



Pat Sullivan

Jets' Namath Is Drilling for 49ers

NEW YORK, Nov. 26 (NYT)—For the first time since he was injured on Aug. 7, New York Jets quarterback Joe Namath began the countdown to a football game this week.

BURGH (5-5-0)—The Steelers may not have ready Ohio Allen, their seasoned middle linebacker, or John Fuqua, the No. 1 runner.

NEW ORLEANS (3-5-2) vs. GREEN BAY (5-6-1) at Milwaukee—The Car and Dave Robinson, the Packers' linebacker, are hurt.

Heisman Trophy

Pat Sullivan, Auburn's strong-armed quarterback, was named the 1971 winner of the Heisman trophy last night as college football's top player.

WCT Tennis Final

Rosewall Upsets Laver in 4 Sets

DALLAS, Nov. 26 (AP)—Ken Rosewall, a 37-year-old Australian, prevailed in two crucial tie-breaker situations today to defeat favored countryman Rod Laver and capture the \$50,000 first prize in the World Championship of Tennis—the largest purse in the sport's history.

McLendon Tops Golf by 1 In 2d Round

HILTON HEAD ISLAND, S.C., Nov. 26 (UPI)—Mac McLendon, a 26-year-old from Birmingham, Ala., slashed four strokes off par on the first four holes today and went on to post a 67-128 that gave him a one-stroke lead over Bob Lunn at the midway point of the Heritage Golf Classic.

But he started like a champion today—slaying a 20-foot birdie putt at No. 1, dropping in a 125-yard wedge shot for an eagle-3 at No. 3, and placing his tee shot 3 1/2 feet from the pin to set up another birdie at the par-3 fourth hole.

After that McLendon, whose only PGA victory was in his rookie year of 1953, when he won the Magnolia Classic the same week as the Masters, tapered off.

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Sports Shorts

An inquiry into the death of Swiss racing driver Jo Siffert in a race crash at Brands Hatch, England, last month, blamed the failure of three fire extinguishers to work.

Chicago (6-4-0) at Miami (6-1-3)—The Dolphins have the league's best record and longest winning streak, seven games.

San Diego (4-6-0) at Cincinnati (3-7-0)—Another playing owner, Gene Klein, wants the new coach, Harland Svare, to start Marty Domres instead of John Hadl as the Charger quarterback.

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PERSONNEL WANTED

MARKET CONTROLLER For international company established throughout the world, to coordinate advertising.

ADVERTISING ASSISTANT International company, leader in its field of consumer products, with growing advertising budget.

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PARIS AMUSEMENTS

ES-CINEMA (o.v.) CLUNY-ECOLE (o.v.) are on the unspeakable spectacle... except here.

THE SCOREBOARD

Table with columns for Eastern Conference, Western Conference, Pacific Division, and NBA Standings.

ABA Results

Table with columns for Thursday's Games, Kentucky 122, New York 117, etc.

FRANCIS TRAFFAULT'S THE TWO ENGLISH WOMEN

Francis Traffault's 'The Two English Women' is a play about a woman who is torn between two men.

Blind Terror

Blind Terror is a play about a man who is blind and is terrorized by a woman.

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Art Buchwald

Campaign Sabotage

WASHINGTON. — Once again Congress is attempting to pass legislation which would infringe on the rights of people. The Senate passed a bill last week which would permit each taxpayer to donate one dollar of his taxes to finance the 1972 presidential campaign.



Buchwald

Limiting the amount of money politicians can spend on their campaigns. If any of these bills become law it means that the right of large corporations and labor unions to buy politicians would be abrogated, and the vested interests in this country would be hard put to finance the campaigns of congressmen, senators and the President.

Terence L. Bloodstone, president of the Washington Order of Loyal Lobbyists, angrily denounced the new plans to finance politicians as a threat to the American political way of life.

"The salvation of this democracy," he told me at a \$500-a-plate political testimonial dinner, "is big business and big labor's financing of political campaigns. For years we have made it possible for every politician in this country to be elected. There isn't one congressman, senator, or governor who doesn't owe a debt to us. Now Congress wants to take that away."

"It does seem unfair," I admitted. Bloodstone stabbed his fork into his lobster thermidor.

"We've been buying and selling politicians for years. They trust us, they believe in us, they'll go to bat for us."

"Many of them are even in \$787,500 Paid for Bellotto Painting

LONDON, Nov. 26 (AP)—An anonymous private collector paid \$787,500 (\$787,500) at Christie's today for "The Family of the Marquis de Bellotto, 18th-century Italian artist. It was more than five times the record price for a Bellotto. The previous record was established last June at Christie's when one of his paintings sold for \$157,750 (\$144,875).

bed with you," I said, trying to be helpful. He ignored this remark "Look around at this dinner. Every table of ten people represents \$5,000, who bought these tables? Corporations, bankers, manufacturers and public-minded millionaires. We don't ask anything for ourselves. We just want the best man elected to the best job. Do you think people who contribute one lousy dollar from their taxes will have any idea who the best man is?"

"I should say not," I replied. "You have to know what is good for the country."

Bloodstone started tearing his duck à l'orange apart.

"Do you know what is going to happen if these political fundraising schemes become law? The politicians aren't going to be responsible to anybody. They're going to figure it's the taxpayer's money so they don't have to answer for their actions."

"It's true," I said. "At least now a politician knows who gave him the money and can react accordingly."

"The Democrats are sore," Bloodstone said, "because they can't get anyone to come to their dinners. But I say if a political party can't sell out, a \$500-a-plate dinner, it shouldn't be in politics. Just because they don't have an Agnew or a Marsha Mitchell is no reason to sabotage the country by the campaign fund-raising methods of this country."

Bloodstone was now gulping down his foie gras.

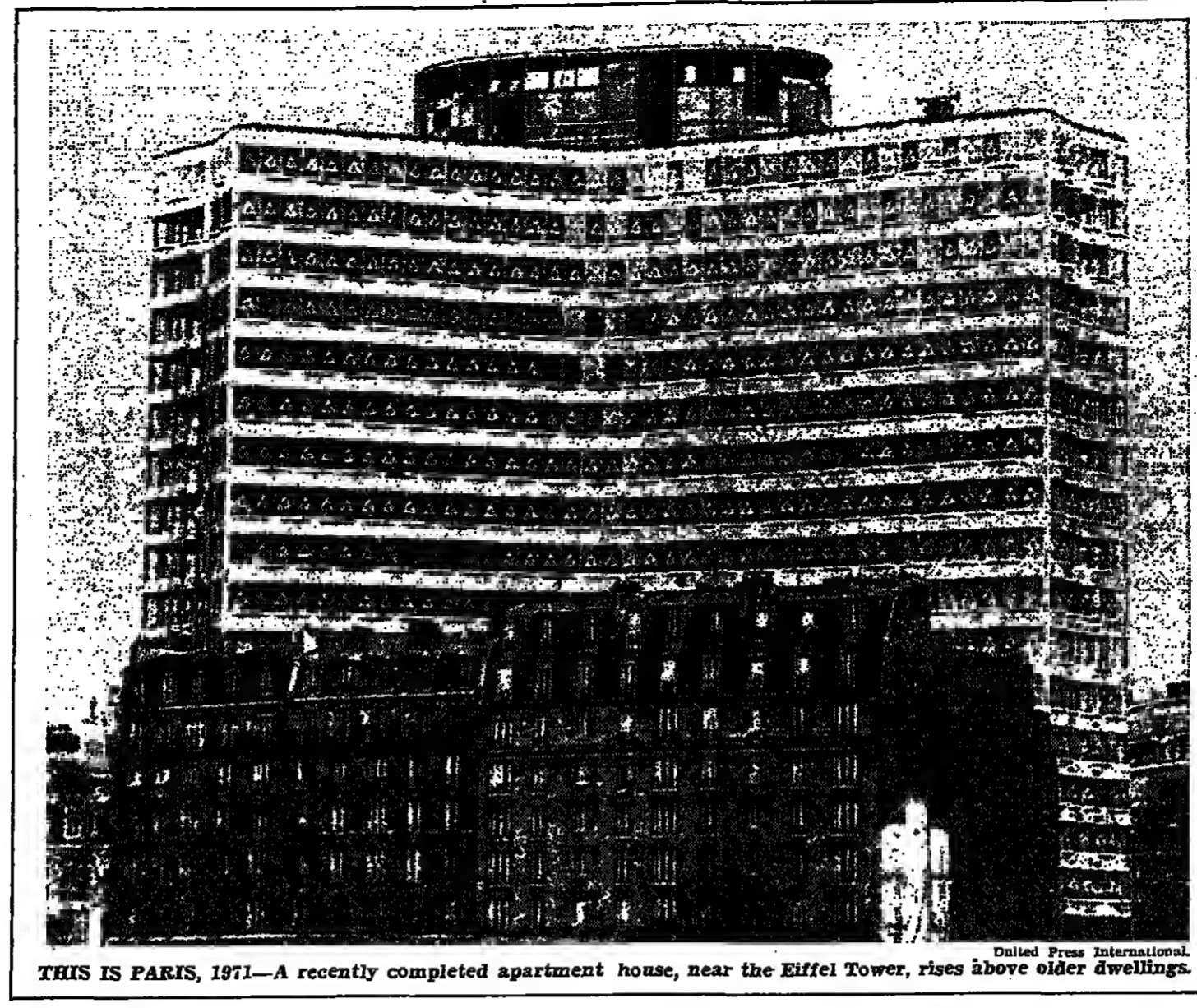
I said: "It seems a pity that after all the seed work the lobbyists have done to get politicians in their pocket, that a group of senators or congressmen would destroy it with some self-serving legislation."

"Don't think the fight is over," Bloodstone said. "The Senate bill has to go to the House and then it has to go to the President. Do you think any Republican President would sign a law that would help the Democrats finance their campaign?"

"I should hope not," I said. "The water brown" our cherries jubilee.

Bloodstone belched. "Besides, we have to think of the economy. What's going to happen to all the hotel banquet rooms if they do away with political fund-raising dinners?"

"What a blow to Conrad Hilton," I said.



THIS IS PARIS, 1971—A recently completed apartment house, near the Eiffel Tower, rises above older dwellings.

The Maginot Line as a Weekend Retreat

By Alec Hargreaves

MEET, France, Nov. 26 (Reuters)—Marcel Joffroy was just bought part of a military disaster that most Frenchmen would prefer to forget. He is now the proud owner of a bunker and observation tower on the Maginot Line.

The massive fortifications which stretch above and below ground in a broken line along the Franco-German border near here were deemed to failure the day Adolf Hitler decided to ignore them.

The German armies bypassed the Maginot Line when Germany invaded France in 1940, making a colossal white elephant of the defenses into which the French had poured their highest hopes and hundreds of millions of francs.

Postwar attempts to sell off parts of the line have attracted few takers. About 40 people crammed into a small village café near here recently when officials, acting for the Defense Ministry, started the latest auctions.

But half the onlookers were journalists and cameramen, and Mr. Joffroy, a 38-year-old local surveyor, was the only bidder of the afternoon.

He plans to turn the piece of history he bought for a mere 9,100 francs into a weekend retreat.

"People around here just don't seem to be interested in the line anymore," auctioneer Paul Partz said. A second lot consisting of a bunker and two hectares of land was left unsold.

But a Parisian hairdresser, Serge Stepanian, had to face a little competition from other bidders two days later when he bought an observation post for 13,000 francs.

Like Mr. Joffroy, he intends to use it as a holiday retreat. They need have no fear of burglars penetrating the armored doors or 6-foot-thick concrete walls while they are away.

If they fancy a shot at the hare and pheasant which abound in the bleak countryside, they will find slits in the wall literally designed for shooting through. A few bunkers sold off several years ago have been used by mushroom growers, and some local farmers have shown an interest in the land.

The main installations are below ground—a vast subterranean maze that helped create the line's prewar reputation as one of the wonders of the modern world.

It is still possible to ride on lifts and railways designed to carry men and munitions from one part of the line to another. Now the concrete tunnels lie deserted and empty, a monument that infuriated Miss Pickford.

PEOPLE: When Hemingway Liberated the Ritz

American television viewers last night were given a glimpse into Paris's renowned Ritz Hotel—and told how Ernest Hemingway "liberated" it from the Germans in World War II. "The Ritz is not the highest hotel in the world, nor is it the most expensive," said CBS correspondent Marley Safer in a profile of the famous establishment on the Place Vendôme.



Ernest Hemingway

"In truth, it's much as its founder, Cesar Ritz, wanted it to be—a little house to which I would be very proud to see my name attached." As for the Hemingway coup, an unidentified man who said he was there told Safer that in 1944, the author walked in with some companions and announced: "The taking over the Ritz." "At the same moment," said the man, "they heard a rifle shot and Hemingway looked up and said: 'There must be a German up there. Where's your roof?' He took the elevator, climbed onto the roof and started on a safari hunt for Germans on the tops of buildings on the Place Vendôme, but he didn't find any. When he came down, he said: 'Charles, how about a magnum of champagne?' He got it, on the house."

Neo-Fascist Deputy Giovanni Roberti complained in parliament in Rome Thursday that the state television network entitled a program on the fascist seizure of power in 1922 "How a Dictatorship is Born." Roberti said the proper title should have been "How a Democracy Dies."

To a lawyer friend, virtually the entire \$2,500,000 estate of British property tycoon Cecil Rhodes was lost in a plane crash at the age of 30; his wife, the former Penny Brahms, 20, an actress and fashion model, was left one shilling and four pence photographs of herself. Penny claims the will was a forgery. ISOLATED: Queen Elizabeth II with chicken pox in her Buckingham Palace room, from a 7-year-old Prince Edward, and Heather, her pet corgi terrier. HIT: By inflation, Moslem miasms in Israel and occupied Jordan, who last year had to fork over an average \$300 apiece as compensation to the fathers of their brides. RELENTING: The Southern California Gas Co. after a long feud with former movie star Mary Pickford, the company, it seems, had erected a wall behind the set of a United Artists studio, a move that infuriated Miss Pickford.

since the structure marred a scene that was supposed to represent a French provincial street Mary never forgot, and this week the tower came down in favor of underground storage facilities, a little late, since the set was dismantled 47 years ago.

In a ceremony virtually ignored by the press of Italy's puritanical Communists, party leader Luigi Longo, 71, yesterday married Bruna Conti, a woman who has introduced for more than 20 years as "my wife." In Gezzano Italy, among a dozen or so guests attending the ceremony were the couple's son, Egidio, and two children from Longo's first marriage to the former Teresa Noce, one considered the best feminine brain in the party (the new Mrs. Longo is former leader of the Communist Party of Italian Women). Longo had divorced Teresa 10 years ago in the Soviet Union, but was unable to shed his first spouse in Italy last spring.

Too many old-style English accents are being packed off to mental hospitals when they only need humoring by their families, wrote Dr. William Edwards in the medical magazine Pulse. "What's wrong with having the odd eccentric in the family?" asks the doctor. "Must they molder in great barracks, having group therapy, aversion therapy, electric shocks? Does it do anybody any good? If you think he's a little eccentric, ask him for a signed copy of 'Gallic Wars.' And if your wife likes to bark like a dog, give her a biscuit."

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